Product Data Sheet

Biotin anti-human CD51/61

Catalog # / Size: 2122060 / 100 μg

Clone: 23C6

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

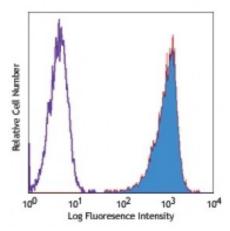
chromatography, and conjugated with biotin under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated biotin.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Workshop Number: V S246

Concentration: 0.5



Human melanoma cell line M21 stained with biotinylated 23C6, followed by Sav-PE

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤2.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation5, immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections5, immunofluorescence microscopy5, and blocking of cell adhesion^{4,6}. The LEAF^{\dagger} Purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 304414).

Application References:

1. Knapp WB, *et al.* 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV Oxford University Press. New York. 2. Schlossman S, *et al.* Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press.

New York.

- 3. Horton M, et al. 1991. Exp. Cell Res. 195:368.
- 4. Takahashi R, et al. 1999. Blood 93:1951. (Block)
- 5. Davies J, et al. 1989. J. Cell Biol. 109:1817. (IF, IHC, IP)

6. Deregibus MC, et al. 2007. Blood doi:10.1182/blood-2007-03-078709. (FC, Block)

7. Barau A, et al. 2010. J. Ultrasound Med. 29:173. PubMed

Description:

CD51/CD61 is an integrin complex known as $\alpha_V \beta_3$. It is expressed at high levels on osteoclasts, endothelial cells, and melanoma cells and at low levels on platelets and macrophages. CD51 is a heterodimer composed of disulfide-linked 125 kD and 24 kD proteins. CD61 is also a member of the integrin family known as gpllla or β_3 integrin. It is a 110 kD common β subunit of CD51/CD61 or CD41/CD61 complex. CD51/CD61, also known as the vitronectin receptor, mediates the binding of platelets to immobilized vitronectin without prior activation. Other ligands include RGD-containing proteins such as fibrinogen, fibronectin, von Willebrand factor (vWf), laminin, thrombospondin and the neural adhesion molecule L1. CD51/CD61 also mediates cell-cell adhesion via interaction

with CD31. CD51/CD61 acts as an activation-independent receptor for platelet attachment and spreading on vitronectin and other RGD-containing proteins, including matrix components. The 23C6 antibody has been reported to be useful for blocking studies.

Antigen
Davies J, et al. 1989. J. Cell Biol. 109:1817.
References:
Nesbitt S, et al. 1993. J. Biol. Chem. 268:16737.