

Brilliant Violet 421™ anti-human CD49d

Catalog # / Size: 2121605 / 25 tests
2121610 / 100 tests

Clone: 9F10

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

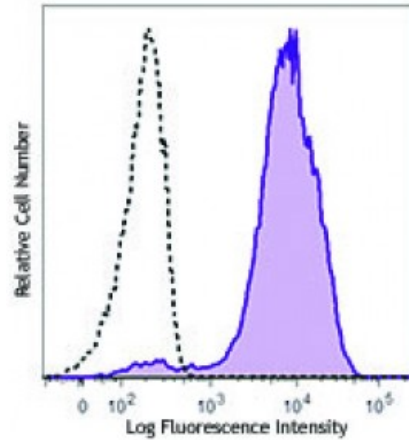
Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 421™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 421™ and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: V S215

Concentration: 0.2



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD49d (clone 9F10) Brilliant Violet 421™ (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ Brilliant Violet 421™ isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 421™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 421 nm. The standard bandpass filter 450/50 nm is recommended for detection. Brilliant Violet 421™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections, and *in vitro* T cell costimulation^{2,3}. The LEAF™ Purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 304310).

Application References:

- Schlossman S, *et al.* Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York.
- Jeong SH, *et al.* 2004. *J. Virol.* 78:6995. (Costim)
- Vogel TU, *et al.* 2002. *J. Immunol.* 169:4511. (Costim)
- Kleinewietfeld M, *et al.* 2009. *Blood* 113:827. (FC) [PubMed](#)
- Palacios F, *et al.* 2010. *Blood* 115:4488. [PubMed](#)
- Yoshino N, *et al.* 2000. *Exp. Anim. (Tokyo)* 49:97. (FC)

7. Sestak K, *et al.* 2007. *Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 119:21.
 8. Mattapallil MJ, *et al.* 2011. *J. Immunol.* 187:1977. [PubMed](#)
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Description: CD49d is a 150 kD α integrin chain known as α_4 integrin or VLA-4 α chain. It forms a heterodimer with either integrin β_1 ($\alpha_4\beta_1$, VLA-4) or β_7 ($\alpha_4\beta_7$). CD49d is expressed broadly on T lymphocytes, B lymphocytes, monocytes, thymocytes, eosinophils, basophils, mast cells, NK cells, dendritic cells, and some non-hematopoietic cells, but not on normal red blood cells, platelets or neutrophils. VLA-4 binds to VCAM-1 (CD106) and fibronectin. $\alpha_4\beta_7$ is the receptor for VCAM-1 and MAdCAM-1. CD49d participates in mononuclear cell trafficking to endothelial sites of inflammation and has roles in cell-cell interactions and cell adhesion to extracellular matrices. CD49d is involved in lymphocyte migration, T cell activation, and hematopoietic stem cell differentiation. CD49d is a marker to isolate pure populations of Treg cells due to its absence on Foxp3⁺ cells.

- Antigen** 1. Elices M, Ed.1995. *Springer Semin. Immunopathol.* 16(4).
References: 2. Lobb RR and Helmer ME. *et al.* 1994. *J. Clin. Invest.* 94:1722.