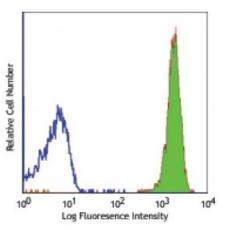
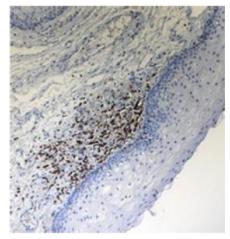
Product Data Sheet

Purified anti-human CD45

Catalog # / Size:	2120005 / 25 μg 2120010 / 100 μg
Clone:	HI30
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1, к
Reactivity:	Human
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Workshop Number:	IV N816
Concentration:	0.5



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with purified CD45 (clone HI30) (filled histogram) or purified mouse IgG1, к isotype control (open histogram), followed by anti-mouse IgG FITC.



Preparation and staining of formalin fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human tonsil was performed. After antigen retrieval, the sample was incubated with the purified monoclonal antibody (clone HI30) at 0.5 microg/mL for 20 minutes. The Ultra Streptavidin

	binding.
Application References:	1. Knapp W, <i>et al.</i> 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press. New York. 2. Kishihara K, <i>et al.</i> 1993. <i>Cell</i> 74:143. 3. Esser M, <i>et al.</i> 2001. <i>J. Virol.</i> 75:6173. (WB)

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Applications:

Applications:

Recommended

Other

Usage:	control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.5 microg per 10 ⁶ cells in 100 microL volume or 100 microL of whole blood. For immunohistochemical staining, a concentration range of 0.1 - 10 microg/ml is suggested, if the antibody is not available in a pre-diluted format. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
Application	Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:
Notes:	immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections ⁹ , inhibition of CD45 functions4, immunofluorescence ¹¹ , and Western blotting3.

Each lot of this antibody is quality

It was found that the HI30 clone and the 2D1 clone can cross block each other's

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- 5. Nagano M, et al. 2007. Blood 110:151.
- 6. Jiang Q, et al. 2008. Blood 112:2858. PubMed
- 7. Morozov A, et al. 2010. Clin Cancer Res. 16:5630. PubMed
- 8. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)
- 9. Friedman T, et al. 1999. J. Immunol. 162:5256. (IHC)
- 10. Oeztuerk-Winder F, et al. 2012. EMBO J. 31:3431. (FC) PubMed
- 11. Rees LE, et al. 2003. Clin. Exp. Immunol. 134:497. (IF)
- 12. Lee J, et al. 2015. J Exp Med. 212:385. PubMed
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- 14. Marquardt N, et al. 2015. J Immunol. 6:2467. PubMed

Description: CD45 is a 180-240 kD single chain type I membrane glycoprotein also known as leukocyte common antigen (LCA) and T200. It is a tyrosine phosphatase expressed on the plasma membrane of all hematopoietic cells, except erythrocytes and platelets. CD45 is a signaling molecule that regulates a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, cell cycle, and oncogenic transformation. CD45 plays a critical role in T and B cell antigen receptor-mediated activation by dephosphorylating substrates including p56Lck, p59Fyn, and other Src family kinases. CD45 non-covalently associates with lymphocyte phosphatase-associated phosphoprotein (LPAP) on T and B lymphocytes. CD45 has been reported to bind galectin-1 and to be associated with several other cell surface antigens including CD1, CD2, CD3, and CD4.

Antigen
1. Thomas M. 1989. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 7:339.
References:
2. Trowbridge I, et al. 1994. Annu. Rev. Immunol.12:85.