Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-human CD11b

Catalog # / 2106775 / 25 tests

Size: 2106780 / 100 tests

Clone: ICRF44

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 700.

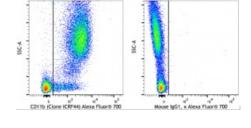
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: IV M047

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes, monocytes, and granulocytes were stained with CD11b (clone ICRF44) Alexa Fluor® 700 (left) or mouse IgG1, κ Alexa Fluor® 700 isotype

control (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

The ICRF44 antibody inhibits heterotypic adhesion of granulocytes in response to fMLP. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections, immunofluorescence microscopy⁵, stimulation of monocytes³, blocking of heterotypic PMN aggregation⁸, and blocking of granulocyte activation¹². This clone was tested in-house and does not work on formalin fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue.

Application References:

1. Stewart M, et al. 1995. Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 7:690.

Description:

CD11b is a 165-170 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as α_M integrin, Mac-1, CR3, and C3biR. CD11b non-covalently associates with integrin β_2 (CD18) and is expressed on granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, NK cells, and subsets of T and B cells. CD11b/CD18 is critical for the transendothelial migration of monocytes and neutrophils. It is also involved in granulocyte adhesion, phagocytosis, and neutrophil activation. CD11b/CD18 interacts with ICAM-1 (CD54), ICAM-2 (CD102), ICAM-4, CD14, CD23, heparin, iC3b, fibrinogen, and factor X.

Antigen References:

1. Stewart M, et al. 1995. Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 7:690.