Brilliant Violet 605™ anti-human CD8a

Catalog # / Size: 2105200 / 100 tests

2105195 / 25 tests

Clone: RPA-T8

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 605[™] under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 605[™] and

unconjugated antibody.

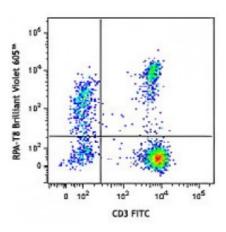
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA

(origin USA).

Workshop Number: **IV T171**

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD3 FITC and CD8 (clone RPA-T8) Brilliant Violet 605™.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 605™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 603 nm. The bandpass filter 610/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. **Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel.** Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 605™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes:

The RPA-T8 antibody does not block the binding of HIT8a antibody to CD8a. Additional reported applications of this antibody (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of paraformaldehyde-fixed frozen sections3 and costimulation of T cell responses4. This clone was tested in-house and does not work on formalin fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue. The LEAF $^{\rm IM}$ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 301018).

Application References:

1. Knapp W, et al. Eds. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press. New

es: York.

2. Schlossman S, et al. Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press.

New York.

- 3. Mack CL, et al. 2004. Pediatr. Res. 56:79. (IHC)
- 4. Magidovich E, et al. 2007. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 104:13022.
- 5. Thakarl D, et al. 2008. J. immunol. 180:7431. PubMed
- 5. Kmieciak M, et al. 2009. J. Transl. Med. 7:89. (FC) PubMed
- 6. Thakral D, et al. 2008. J. Immunol. 180:7431. (FC) PubMed
- 7. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)
- 8. Rout N, et al. 2010. PLoS One 5:e9787. (FC)

Description:

CD8a is a 32-34 kD type I glycoprotein. It forms a homodimer (CD8a/a) or heterodimer (CD8a/b) with CD8b. CD8, also known as T8 and Leu2, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily found on the majority of thymocytes, a subset of peripheral blood T cells, and NK cells (which express almost exclusively CD8a homodimers). CD8 acts as a co-receptor with MHC class I-restricted T cell receptors in antigen recognition and T cell activation, and has been shown to play a role in thymic differentiation. Two domains in CD8a are important for function: the extracellular IgSF domain binds the α_3 domain of MHC class I and the cytoplasmic CXCP motif binds the tyrosine kinase p56 Lck.

Antigen References:

1. Barclay N, et al. 1993. The Leucocyte Antigen FactsBook. Academic Press Inc. San Diego.