### **Product Data Sheet**

#### Brilliant Violet 605™ anti-human CD8a

Catalog # / 2104680 / 100 tests

**Size:** 2104675 / 25 tests

Clone: HIT8a

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

**Immunogen:** Helios peptide (aa 51-107)

**Reactivity:** Human, Non-human primate

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with

Brilliant Violet 605™ under optimal conditions.

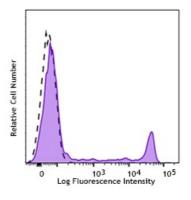
**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

BSA (origin USA)

Workshop Number: V CD08.10

**Concentration:** Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD8a (clone HIT8a) Brilliant Violet 605™ (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ Brilliant Violet 605™ isotype control (open histogram).

#### **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5  $\mu L$  per million cells in 100  $\mu L$  staining volume or 5  $\mu L$  per 100  $\mu L$  of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet  $605^{\text{TM}}$  excites at 405 nm and emits at 603 nm. The bandpass filter 610/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel. Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet  $605^{\text{TM}}$  is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes:

Clone HIT8a recognizes the alpha chain of CD8<sup>5</sup>. It does not block the binding of RPA-T8 antibody to CD8a.

Additional reported applications of this antibody (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections<sup>5,6</sup>. This clone was tested in-house and does not work on formalin fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue.

## Application References:

- 1. Schlossman S, et al. Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York.
  - 2. Knapp W. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press New York.
  - 3. Barclay N, et al. 1997. The Leucocyte Antigen Facts Book. Academic Press Inc. San Diego.
- 4. Awasthi, S., et al. 2011. J. Virol 85:10472. PubMed
- 5. Coppieters KT, et al. 2012. J. Exp. Med. 209:51. (IHC, epitope)
- 6. Suzuki F, et al. 2012. Arthritis Res. Ther. 14:R48. (IHC)

#### **Description:**

CD8a is a 32-34 kD type I glycoprotein. It forms a homodimer (CD8a/a) or heterodimer (CD8a/b) with CD8b. CD8, also known as T8 and Leu2, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily found on the majority of thymocytes, a subset of peripheral blood T cells, and NK cells (which express almost exclusively CD8a homodimers). CD8 acts as a co-receptor with MHC class I-restricted T cell receptors in antigen recognition and T cell activation and has been shown to play a role in thymic differentiation. Two domains in CD8a are important for function: the extracellular IgSF domain binds the  $\alpha_3$  domain of MHC class I and the cytoplasmic CXCP motif binds the tyrosine kinase p56 Lck.

# Antigen References:

1. Barclay N, et al. 1993. The Leucocyte Antigen FactsBook. Academic Press Inc. San Diego.