Pacific Blue™ anti-human CD5

Catalog # / Size: 2103120 / 100 μg

2103115 / 25 μg

Clone: UCHT2

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with Pacific Blue™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated

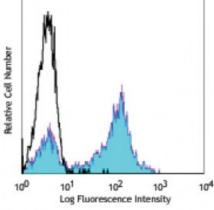
Pacific Blue™.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Workshop Number: III 518

Concentration: 0.5



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD5 (UCHT2) Pacific Blue™ (filled histogram) or mouse IgG1, κ Pacific Blue™ (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 1.0 microg per 10^6 cells in 100 microL volume or 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Pacific Blue™ has a maximum emission of 455 nm when it is excited at 405 nm. Prior to using Pacific Blue™ conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting2 and immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections^{2,5}.

Application References:

1. Knapp W, et al. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV Oxford University Press. New York.

2. Renaudineau Y, et al. 2005. Blood 106:2781. (WB IHC)

3. Porter JC and Hogg N. 1997. J. Cell Biol. 138:1437.

4. Saliba AE, et al. 2010. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 107:14524. PubMed

5. Kap Y, et al. 2009. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 57:1159. (IHC)

Description: CD5 is a 67 kD single chain type I glycoprotein also known as Leu-1, Ly-1 and T1.

It is a member of the scavenger receptor superfamily found on T cells, thymocytes, B cell subsets, chronic B lymphocytic leukemia (B-Cells), and peripheral blood dendritic cells. CD5 modulates T and B cell receptor signaling, thymocyte maturation, and T-B cell interactions upon binding to ligands such as CD72.

32.72

Antigen References:

1. Kipps T. 1988. Adv. Immunol. 47:117.

2. Resnick D, et al. 1993. Trends Biochem. Sci. 19:5.

3. Wood GS, et al. 1992. Am. J. Pathol. 14:789.