Product Data Sheet

Pacific Blue™ anti-human CD2

Catalog # / 2101180 / 100 tests

Size: 2101175 / 25 tests

Clone: RPA-2.10

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Recombinant mouse CD163

extracellular domain

Reactivity: Human, Non-human primate, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Pacific Blue™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of

unconjugated Pacific Blue™.

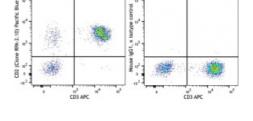
Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Workshop Number: IV T085

Concentration: Lot-specific



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with CD3 APC and CD2 (clone RPA-2.10) Pacific Blue™ (left) or, mouse IgG1, κ Pacific Blue™ isotype control (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells in 100 μ l staining volume or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood.

* Pacific Blue™ has a maximum emission of 455 nm when it is excited at 405 nm. Prior to using Pacific Blue™ conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections⁶ and

blocking of T cell activation².

Application References:

- Knapp W, et al. Eds. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press. New York.
- 2. Aversa G, et al. 1987. Transplant. Proc. 19:277. (Block)
- 3. Zaretsky AG, et al. 2009. J. Exp Med. 206:991. (IHC) PubMed
- 4. Perona-Wright G, et al. 2010. Nat. Immunol. 11:520. (FC) PubMed
- 5. Thummler K, et al. 2010. J. Leukoc. Biol. 88:1041.
- 6. Kap Y, et al. 2009. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 57:1159. (IHC)
- 7. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)

Description: CD2 is a 50 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as LFA-2,

T11, and sheep red blood cell receptor (SRBC-R). This immunoglobulin superfamily member is expressed on thymocytes, T lymphocytes, NK cells, and thymic B cell subsets. The major ligand for CD2 is CD58 (also known as LFA-3). CD2 has also been reported to bind CD48, CD59, and CD15. CD2 plays a critical role in alternative T cell activation, T cell signaling, and cell-cell adhesion.

Antigen

1. Bell G, et al. 1995. J. Immunol. 155:2805.

References:

Bierer B, et al. 1989. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 7:579.
Moingeon P, et al. 1989. Immunol. Rev. 111:111.