Product Data Sheet

Biotin anti-rat CD25

Catalog # / Size: 1610555 / 100 µg

> Clone: OX-39

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Rat T cell blasts from mixed lymphocyte Immunogen:

reactions

Reactivity: Rat

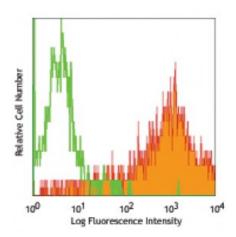
The antibody was purified by affinity **Preparation:**

chromatography, and conjugated with biotin under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated biotin.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



Con A-stimulated LOU rat splnocytes (3days) stained with biotinylated OX-39, followed by Sav-

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is

recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Application

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemistryof acetone-fixed frozen sections1, immunoprecipitation1, weakly blocks IL-2 binding^{1, 2, 3}, and blocks IL-2 induced epithelial cell migration3.

Application References: 1. Peterson DJ, et al. 1987. Mol. Immunol. 24:1281. (IHC, IP, Block)

2. Tellides G, et al. 1987. Transplant Proc. 19:4231. (Block)

3. Digness AU, et al. 1996. Exp.Cell Res. 225:422. (Block)

Description: CD25 is a 55 kD glycoprotein also known as IL-2 receptor α chain. It is broadly

expressed on activated T and B cells, a subset of thymic and splenic dendritic cells, and intestinal epithelial cells in the rat. IL-2 is a critical cytokine involved in lymphocyte proliferation and clonal expansion. IL-2 signaling requires the high affinity IL-2 receptor composed of IL-2 receptor chains α , β , and γ . The OX-39 antibody weakly inhibits IL-2 binding to the IL-2 receptor and has been shown to

block some IL-2 mediated responses in vitro.

Antigen

1. Digness AU, et al. 1996. Exp.Cell Res. 225:422.

References: 2. Peterson DJ, et al. 1987. Mol. Immunol. 24:1281.