Product Data Sheet

PE/Cyanine7 anti-rat CD8a

Catalog # / $1608580 / 100 \mu g$

Size: 1608575 / 25 μg

Clone: OX-8

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: High molecular weight glycoproteins

from rat thymocytes

Reactivity: Rat

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

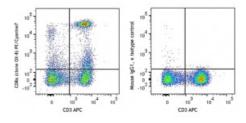
PE/Cyanine7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Cyanine7 and

unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2 mg/ml



LOU rat splenocytes were stained with CD3 (clone 1F4) APC and CD8a (clone OX-8) PE/Cyanine7 (left) or Mouse IgG1, κ PE/Cy7 isotype control (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 0.25 \, \mu g$ per million cells in $100 \, \mu l$ volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application

Notes:

The OX-8 antibody has been reported to partially block T cell responses, including mixed lymphocyte reactions and cytotoxic T cell responses, and to induce macrophage activation. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemistry^{1,2} of acetone-fixed frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections,

immunoprecipitation³, in vivo and in vitro blocking of T cell responses^{3, 4},

macrophage stimulation⁵, and Western blotting^{3,6}.

Application References:

1. Barclay AN. 1981. Immunology 42:593. (IHC)

2. Wallgren AC, et al. 1995. Transplantation 60:594. (IHC)

3. Torres-Nagel N, et al. 1992. Eur. J. Immunol. 22:2841. (IP, WB)

Mason DW, et al. 1983. Immunol. Rev. 74:57.
Hirji N, et al. 1997. J. Immunol. 158:1833. (FA)

6. Mitnacht R,, et al. 1998. J. Immunol. 160:700. (WB)

Description:

CD8a is a 32 kD glycoprotein also known as T8, Lyt2, Ly-2, and CD8 α . CD8a is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily expressed on most thymocytes, subset of mature T cells, most NK cells, macrophages, and some activated CD4 $^+$ T cells (not resting). CD8a forms heterodimers with the CD8 β chain (CD8b) on the surface of most thymocytes, while mature peripheral T lymphocytes express almost exclusively the CD8 $\alpha\beta$ heterodimer. Intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes express CD8a without CD8b. CD8 is an antigen co-receptor on T cells that interacts with MHC class I on antigen-presenting cells or epithelial cells. CD8 participates in T cell activation through its association with the T cell receptor complex and protein tyrosine kinase lck (p56lck).

Antigen References:

- 1. Johnson P, et al. 1985. EMBO J. 4:2539.
- References: 2. Thomas ML, et al. 1983. Eur. J. Immunol. 13:855.