Product Data Sheet

APC anti-mouse CD204

Catalog # / 1373555 / 25 μg

Size: 1373560 / 100 μg

Clone: 1F8C33

Isotype: Rat IgG2a

Immunogen: Recombinant mouse CD204

extracellular domain

Reactivity: Mouse

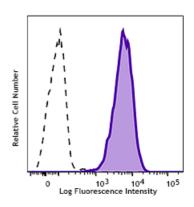
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

APC under optimal conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide



Mouse leukemic monocytemacrophage cell line RAW267.4 was stained with APC anti-mouse CD204 (clone 1F8C33) (filled histogram) or rat IgG2a, κ APC isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 0.25 \, \mu g$ per million cells in 100 μL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

Application

Notes:

This clone has minimal recognition of CD204 in C57BL/6.

Description: CD204, also known as scavenger receptor A (SR-A) and the macrophage

scavenger receptor (MSR), is 220 kDa, trimeric type II transmembrane protein, with one scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain (SRCR). It is a phagocytic pattern-recognition receptor (PRR) expressed on macrophages and dendritic cells. CD204 is a receptor mediating recognition and internalization of low-density lipoprotein (LDL) by macrophages and plays a critical role in atherogenesis. CD204 also recognizes apoptotic cells,

modified lipid proteins, and exogenous pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs), which results in the induction of innate immune and inflammatory responses. CD204 can act as a co-receptor for Toll-like receptors, such as TLR3, TLR4, or TLR9, to facilitate the expression of proinflammatory cytokines. CD204 has been implicated in several pathological processes such as Alzheimer's disease, sepsis, ischemic

injury, and coronary artery disease.

Antigen References:

- 1. Shichita T, et al. 2017. Nat Med. 23:723.
- Muczynski V, et al. 2017. Blood. 129:2443.
 Iftakhar-E-Khuda I, et al. 2016. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 113:10643.
- 4. Nellimarla S, et al. 2015. J Immunol. 195:3858.
- 5. Bonilla DL, et al. 2013. Immunity. 39:537.