## **Product Data Sheet**

## PE/Dazzle™ 594 anti-mouse CD185 (CXCR5)

Catalog # / Size: 1327605 / 25 μg

1327610 / 100 µg

Clone: L138D7

**Isotype:** Rat IgG2b, κ

Immunogen: mCXCR5-transfected cells

Reactivity: Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

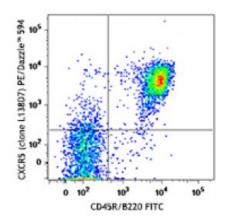
chromatography and conjugated with PE/Dazzle™ 594 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Dazzle™ 594 and

unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: Lot-specific



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD45R/B220 FITC and CXCR5 (clone L138D7) PE/Dazzle™ 594.

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is  $\leq 0.25$  microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* PE/Dazzle™ 594 has a maximum excitation of 566 nm and a maximum emission

of 610 nm.

Application Notes:

Clone L138D7 staining works optimally at room temperature or 4°C. Unlike other chemokine receptor antibodies, avoid using L138D7 at 37°C.

**Description:** CD185 is also known as CXCR5. It is the receptor for chemokine CXCL13/BLC,

which is chemotactic for B cells. CXCR5 is expressed on B cells and a subset of T cells in the spleen, neuronal tissue, lymph nodes, and bone marrow. It is

important for migration of B cells into the B cell follicles of the spleen and Peyer's patches. Follicular helper T cells (Tfh) also express CXCR5 and the ability of these cells to migrate to the lymph node is modulated by the balanced expression of

CCR7 and CXCR5.

Antigen References:

1. Kaiser E, et al. 1993. Eur. J. Immunol. 23:2532.

**erences:** 2. Forster R, *et al.* 1994. *Cell. Mol. Biol.* 40:381.

3. Forster R, et al. 1994. Blood 84:830.

4. Forster R, et al. 1996.