APC anti-mouse CD193 (CCR3)

Catalog # / Size: 1322555 / 25 μg

1322560 / 100 µg

Clone: J073E5

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Mouse CCR3-transfectants

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

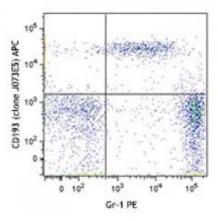
chromatography and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC and

unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse peripheral blood myeloid cells were stained with Gr-1 PE and CD193 (clone J073E5) APC (top) or rat IgG2a, K APC isotype control (bottom).

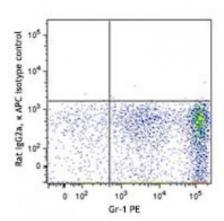
Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.



Description: CD193, also known as CC-chemokine receptor 3 (CCR3), CC CKR3, MIP1-α

receptor like-2, and eotaxin receptor, is a member of the G protein-coupled, seven transmembrane receptor family. It binds to the CC chemokines eotaxin, eotaxin-2, and eotaxin-3 with high affinity. CD193 has also been reported to bind RANTES, MCP-3, and MCP-4 with low affinity. CD193 is expressed on mouse eosinophils, basophils, mast cells, mononuclear phagocytes, platelets, hematopoietic progenitor cells, and keratinocytes. It is thought to play a role in allergic dispasses such as bronchial actions and allergic religible. CD193 also

allergic diseases such as bronchial asthma and allergic rhinitis. CD193 also function as a co-receptor for HIV-1 and HIV-2, and the binding of eotaxin with

CD193 has been shown to inhibit HIV infection in some cell types.

Antigen References:

1. Zlotnik A, et al. 2006. Genome Biol. 7:243.

2. Kodali RB, et al. 2004. Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol. 24:1211.

3. Das AM, et al. 2006. J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. 318:411.

4. Huaux