Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-mouse CD172a (SIRPα)

Catalog # / Size: 1320105 / 25 μg

1320110 / 100 µg

Clone: P84

Isotype: Rat IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Mouse brain membrane protein

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

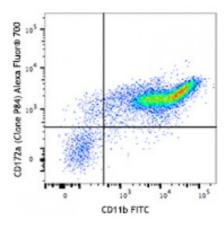
Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal

conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells were stained with CD11b FITC and CD172a (clone P84) Alexa Fluor™ 700 (top) or rat IgG1, κ Alexa Fluor™ 700 isotype control (bottom). Data shown was gated on

myeloid cell population.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.50 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: blocking SIRPα interaction with CD474, *in vivo* blocking of dendritic cell migration3, enhancing of macrophage phagocytosis^{2,4}, immunohistochemical staining of cerebellum frozen sections1, and immunoprecipitation^{2,4}.

Application References:

1. Comu S, et al. 1997. J. Neurosci. 17:8702. (IHC) 2. Gresham HD, et al. 2000. J. Exp. Med. 191:515. (IP)

3. Fukunaga A, *et al.* 2004. *J. Immunol.* 172:4091. (Block)

4. Oldenborg PA, et al. 2000. Science 288:2051. (Block, IP)

 $\textbf{Description:} \quad \text{CD172a, also known as SIRP} \alpha \text{, is a type I transmembrane protein with one V-set} \\$

Ig-like and two C-set Ig-like domains in the extracellular portion, and two ITIM motifs and a proline-rich region in the cytoplasmic tail. CD172a is expressed by

monocytes, macrophages, myeloid cells, and neuronal tissue. The

phosphorylation of SIRP α ITIMs induces the recruitment and activation of the tyrosine phosphatases PTPN6 and PTPN11, resulting in the negative regulation of several biological processes. The ligands of CD172a are CD47, SP-A, and SP-D.

Antigen References:

- Zhao XW, et al. 2011. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 108:18342.
 Verjan-Garcia N, et al. 2011. J. Immunol. 187:2268.
 Sato-Hashimoto M, et al. 2011. J. Immunol. 187:291.
- 4. Raymond M,