

Purified anti-mouse CD43

Catalog # / Size: 1316005 / 50 µg
1316010 / 500 µg

Clone: S11

Isotype: Rat IgG2b

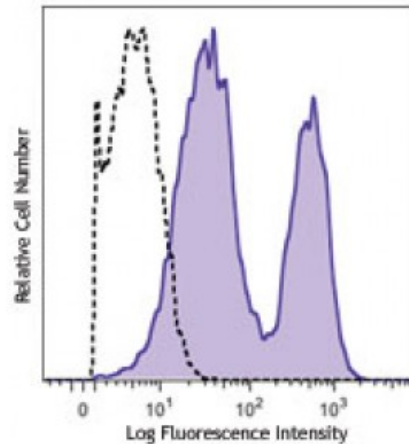
Immunogen: Mouse plasmacytoma cells

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with either purified anti-mouse CD43 (clone S11) (filled histogram) or rat IgG2b isotype control (dashed histogram), followed by an anti-rat IgG FITC.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting³. The S11 antibody reacts with pan-CD43.

- Application References:**
1. Gaspari AA, *et al.* 1993. *J. Invest. Dermatol.* 100:247. (FC)
 2. Merzaban JS, *et al.* 2005. *J. Immunol.* 174:4051. (FC)
 3. Baecher-Allan CM, *et al.* 1993. *Immunogenetics.* 37:183. (WB)

Description: CD43, also known as Leukosialin and Ly48, is a 125 kD sialoprotein (glycosylated protein) expressed from 1.2 kBase mRNA in bone marrow-derived cells. This occurs early in development. Cells expressing CD43 include γ/δ T cells, macrophages, mature B cells, and dendritic cells. CD43 functions as an anti-adhesive surface molecule, promoted by antibody cross-linking, that releases the trailing edge of the cell during locomotion to allow movement of the cell body towards the lamellipodia. The intracellular distribution of CD43 is determined by binding to moesin, an intracellular membrane protein, which is in-turn bound in some manner to the actin cytoskeleton. Defects with CD43 function and expression retard cellular locomotion, resulting in a wide range of immune disorders. Wiscott-Alderich syndrome, and the varying degrees of its severity, is related to the dysregulation of CD43 expression.

- Antigen References:**
1. Van den Berg TK, *et al.* 2001. *J. Immunol.* 166:3637.
 2. Moore T, *et al.* 1994. *J. Immunol.* 153:4978.
 3. Onami TM, *et al.* 2002. *J. Immunol.* 168:6022.
 4. Tong J, *et al.* 200

