## PE anti-mouse CD138 (Syndecan-1)

Catalog # / Size: 1312515 / 25 µg

1312520 / 200 µg

Clone:

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Mouse mammary gland epithelial cell Immunogen:

line NMuMG

Reactivity: Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

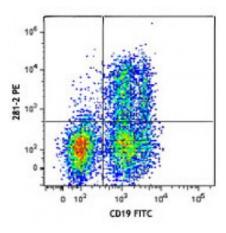
> chromatography and conjugated with PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and

unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells were stained with CD19 FITC and CD138 (clone 281-2) PE (top) or rat IgG2a, κ PE isotype control (bottom). Data shown is from gated on myeloid population.

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

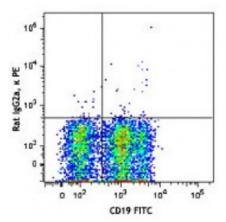
Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

**Application Notes:**  Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining of frozen tissue3 and formalin-fixed paraffin

embedded tissue<sup>4</sup> and

immunofluorescent staining<sup>2,3</sup>.



**Application** References: 1. Jalkanen M, et al. 1985. J. Cell. Biol. 101:976. (FC) 2. Miettinen H, et al. 1994. J. Cell. Sci. 107:1571. (IF)

3. Li Q, et al. 2002. Cell 111:635. (IF, IHC)

4. McCarthy BA, et al. 2012. BMC Cancer. 12:203. (IHC) 5. Kim Yu, et al. 2015. PLoS One. 10:120294. PubMed

**Description:** 

CD138, a member of the syndecan protein family, is a type I integral membrane heparin sulfate proteoglycan also known as Syndecan-1. Syndecan-1 participates in cell proliferation, cell migration, and cell matrix adhesion via interaction with collagen, fibronectin, and other soluble molecules (such as FGF-basic). It is expressed on normal and malignant plasma cells, pre-B cells, mesenchymal cells, epithelial cells, and endothelial cells.

Antigen

1. Zong F, et al. 2011. PLoS ONE 6:e14816.

References:

2. Yamashita Y, et al. 1999. J. Immunol. 162:5940.

3. Sanderson RD, et al. 1989. Cell. Regul. 1:27.