APC anti-mouse CD169 (Siglec-1)

Catalog # / Size: 1312085 / 25 µg

1312090 / 100 µg

Clone: 3D6.112 Isotype: Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Purified Native Sialoadhesin from spleen Immunogen:

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

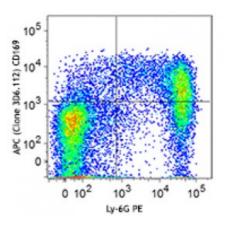
> chromatography and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC and

unconjugated antibody.

Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, Formulation:

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: Lot-specific



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells were stained with Ly-6G PE and CD169 (clone 3D6.112) APC (top) or rat IgG2a, κ APC (bottom). Data shown was gated on total cell population.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

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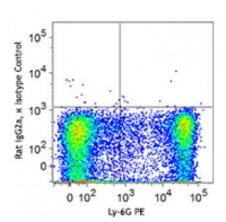
Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the

relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining in frozen

tissue sections¹ and

immunofluorescence microscopy^{1,2}.



1. Barral P, et al. 2010. Nat. Immunol. 11:303. (IHC, IF) **Application**

References: 2. Chtanova T, et al. 2008. Immunity 29:487. (IF)

3. Klass M, et al. 2012. J. Immunol. 189:2414. PubMed

Description:

CD169, also known as Siglec-1 and Sialoadhesin (Sn), is a type I lectin containing 17 immunoglobulin (Ig) domains (one variable domain and 16 constant domains). CD169 binds to sialic acids, which can be found on PSGL-1, CD43, CD206, and CD227. By its affinity to $\alpha 2$, 3-linked sialic acid, it is involved in macrophage binding to different cell types such as granulocytes, monocytes, NK, B, and T cells. CD169 was initially identified as a sialic acid-dependent sheep erythrocyte receptor (SER) on resident bone marrow cells of mice. It has been identified as highly expressed on resident bone marrow macrophages which plays an important role in retention of stem cells in mesenchymal stem cell niche. It is also found on some specific subsets of tissue macrophages in spleen, lymph nodes, bone marrow, liver, colon, lungs, and cancer cells. Evidence suggest that CD169-positive macrophages serve as lymph node-resident APCs to dominate early activation of tumor antigen-specific CD8+ T cells and invariant NK cell.

Antigen References:

- 1. Chow A, et al. 2011. J. Exp. Med. 208:261.
- 2. Asano K, et al. 2011. Immunity 34:85.
- 3. Xiong YS, et al. 2009. Clin. Biochem. 42:1057.
- 4. Varki A, et al. 2009. Glyco