

**Purified anti-mouse TIGIT (Vstm3)**

**Catalog # / Size:** 1310505 / 50 µg  
1310510 / 500 µg

**Clone:** 1G9

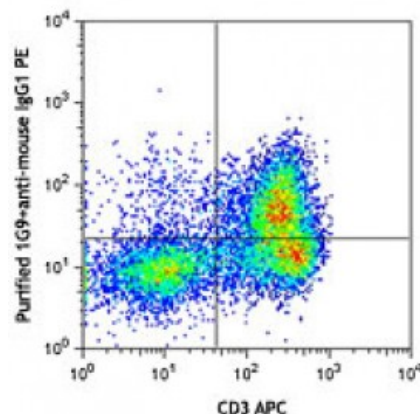
**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ

**Reactivity:** Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

**Concentration:** 0.5

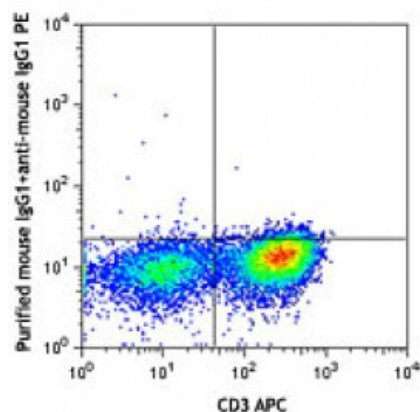


Con A-stimulated (3 days) C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD3 APC and purified TIGIT (clone 1G9, top) or mouse IgG1, κ isotype control (bottom), followed by anti-mouse IgG1 PE.

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.



**Application References:** 1. Joller N, *et al.* 2010. *J. Immunol.* 186:1338.

**Description:** T cell immunoreceptor with Ig and ITIM domains (TIGIT), also known as V-set and transmembrane domain-containing protein 3 (Vstm3), is a 26 kD, type I transmembrane protein and member of the CD28 family. TIGIT is expressed on activated T cells, follicular T helper, memory, and regulatory T cells as well as on NK cells. Its binding partners include CD155 (PVR) and CD112 (PVRL2). TIGIT is a negative regulator of NK and T cell activation. Engagement of TIGIT by dendritic cells results in their differentiation into a tolerogenic phenotype, with an increased secretion of IL-10 and a diminished production of IL-12. Mice deficient for TIGIT are more susceptible to autoimmune disease.

**Antigen References:** 1. Levin SD, *et al.* 2011. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 41:902.  
2. Yu X, *et al.* 2009. *Nat. Immunol.* 10:48.  
3. Stanietsky N, *et al.* 2009. *P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 106:17858.