## **Product Data Sheet**

## FITC anti-mouse CD8b.2

**Catalog # / Size:**  $1302015 / 50 \mu g$ 

1302020 / 500 μg

Clone: 53-5.8 Isotype: Rat IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Mouse thymus or spleen

Reactivity: Mouse

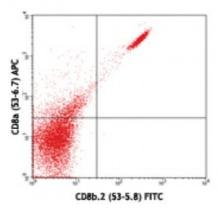
**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with FITC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated FITC.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with CD8b.2 (53-5.8) FITC and CD8a (53-6.7) APC

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is  $\leq 0.25$  microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunofluorescence3, immunohistochemical staining4 of frozen tissue section

using dry ice-isopentane method and immunoprecipitation5.

Application References:

1. Ledbetter J, et al. 1979. Immunol. Rev. 47:63.

2. Ledbetter J, et al. 1980. J. Exp. Med. 152:280.

3. Vremec D, *et al.* 2000. *J. Immunol.* 164:2978. (IF) 4. Lawrence D, *et al.* 1999. *J. Virol.* 73:1795. (IHC)

5. Bosselut R, et al. 1999. J. Exp. Med. 190:1517. (IP)

6. Das DK, *et al.* 2015. *PNAS.* 112:1517. <u>PubMed</u>

**Description:** CD8b is the

CD8b is the 32 kD  $\beta$  chain of CD8, also known as Lyt-3.2 or Ly-3.2. It is a member of the Ig superfamily expressed as a heterodimer with the CD8 $\alpha$  chain on a subset of MHC class I-restricted T cells and most thymocytes. CD8 is a co-receptor for the TCR complex involved in T cell activation. The antibody 53-5.8 is specific for Ly-

3.2 and has low reactivity with Ly-3.1.

Antigen References:

Ledbetter J, et al. 1981. J. Exp. Med. 153:1503.
Renard V, et al. 1996. J. Exp. Med. 184:2439.