APC/Cyanine7 anti-mouse CD90.2 (Thy1.2)

Catalog # / 1301655 / 25 µg

Size: 1301660 / 100 µg

Clone: 53-2.1

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Mouse thymus or spleen Immunogen:

Reactivity: Mouse

The antibody was purified by affinity Preparation:

chromatography and conjugated with

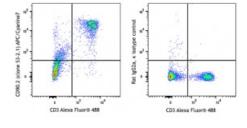
APC/Cyanine7 under optimal

conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide

Concentration: 0.2 mg/mL



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with Alexa Fluor® 488 CD3 and CD90.2 (clone 53-2.1) APC/Cyanine7 (left) or Rat IgG2a, κ isotype control (clone RTK2758)

APC/Cyanine7 (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 0.25 \,\mu g$ per million cells in 100 μL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

Application

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemical staining¹ of frozen tissue section,

immunofluorescence², and immunoprecipitation³. Does not react with Thy-

1.1 (CD90.1).

Application References:

1. Aldrich M, et al. 2003. J. Immunol. 171:5562. (IHC)

2. Jameson J, et al. 2004. J. Immunol. 172:3573. (IF) 3. Okada C, et al. 1990. J. Immunol. 144:3473. (IP)

Description: CD90.2 is a 25-35 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as

Thy-1.2, a GPI-linked membrane molecule. It is expressed on hematopoietic stem cells and neurons, all thymocytes, and peripheral T cells in Thy1.2 bearing mouse strains (Balb/c, CBA/J, C3H/He, C57BL/-, DBA, NZB/-). CD90.2 is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored membrane glycoprotein involved in signal transduction. CD90.2 is involved in costimulation of lymphocyte proliferation and induction of hematopoietic stem cells differentiation. CD90.2 has been shown to interact with CD45.

Antigen References: 1. Borrello M, et al. 1996. Cell. Immunol.173:198. 2. Radrizzani M, et al. 1995. J. Neurosci. Res. 42:220.

3. Williams A, et al. 1982. Science 216:696.