Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-mouse CD205 (DEC-205)

Catalog # / Size: 1291015 / 25 µg

1291020 / 100 µg

Clone: NLDC-145 Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Mouse lymph node tissue Immunogen:

Reactivity: Mouse

Isotype:

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

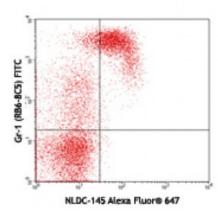
> chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal

conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells stained with Gr-1 (RB6-8C5) FITC and NLDC-145 Alexa Fluor® 647

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

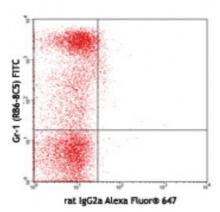
Recommended **Usage:**

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL

volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining acetone-fixed frozen sections1, Western Blot¹⁻³, and immunoprecipitation of bone marrow dendritic cell extracts2.



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells stained with Gr-1 (RB6-8C5) FITC and rat IgG2a Alexa Fluor® 647 isotype control

Application References:

1. Witmer-Pack MD, et al. 1995. Cell. Immun. 163:157. (IHC, WB)

2. Swiggard WJ, et al. 1995. Cell. Immun. 165:302. (WB, IP)

3. Bonifaz LC, et al. 2004. J. Exp. Med. 199:815. (WB) 4. Yamazaki S, et al. 2002. J. Immunol. 181:6923. (FC)

5. Bankoti J, et al. 2010. Toxicol. Sci. 115:422. (FC)

Description:

CD205, also known as DEC-205, is a 205 kD integral membrane protein homologous to the macrophage mannose receptor. It is a type I cell surface protein that belongs to the C-type lectin family. CD205 is expressed at high levels by dendritic cells and thymic epithelial cells. It is also expressed by a number of other cell types, such as B lymphocytes, macrophages, Langerhans cells, bone marrow stromal cells, granulocytes, epithelial cells of pulmonary

airways, and the capillaries of the brain. CD205 is a novel endocytic receptor used by dendritic cells and thymic epithelial cells to direct captured antigens from the extracellular space to specialized antigen processing. It mediates antigen uptake and presentation and cross-presentation to T cells. It has been reported that CD205 acts as a recognition receptor for dying cells, potentially provides an important pathway for the uptake of self-antigen in the intrathymic environment, and is involved in peripheral tolerance. Antibody-mediated antigen-targeting via the DEC-205 receptor increases the efficiency of vaccination for T cell immunity.

Antigen References:

- 1. Jiang WP, et al. 1995. Nature 375:151.
- 2. Small M and Kraal G. 2003. Int. Immunol. 15:197.
- 3. Shrimpton RE, et al. 2009. Mol. Immunol. 46:1229.