Product Data Sheet

Purified anti-mouse CD26 (DPP-4)

Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Catalog # / Size: 1289010 / 500 μg

1289005 / 50 μg

Clone: H194-112

Immunogen: BALB/c thymocytes

Reactivity: Mouse

Isotype:

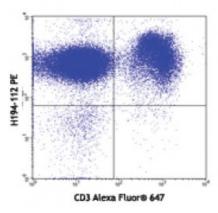
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



C57BL/6 splenocytes stained with purified H194-112 conjugated with PE and CD3 (17A2) Alexa Fluor® 647

Applications:

Applications: Other

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of

this reagent is ≤ 1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Application

Notes:

Additional reported applications include: *in vitro* activation of thymocytes1, immunoprecipitation from cell lysates and cell-free supernatants^{1,2} and

immunohistochemical staining of frozen tissue sections1.

Application References:

1. Naquet P, *et al.* 1988. *J. Immunol.* 141:4101. 2. Vivier I, *et al.* 1991. *J. Immunol.* 147:447.

3. Sen A, et al. 2012. PNAS PubMed

3. Coleman CM, et al. 2014. J Gen Virol. 95:408. PubMed

Description: CD26, also known as DPP IV or THAM, is a 220 kD type II transmembrane

homodimer. It consists of an α/β hydrolase domain and an eight-blade β -propeller domain. After proteolysis of the membrane-bound CD26, a soluble form of DPP IV is released. CD26 is expressed on thymocytes (development dependent), T cells,

B cells, NK cells, and macrophages. It is involved in T cell costimulation,

endothelial cell migration and proteolysis processes.

Antigen References:

1. Cooper KG, et al. 2009. Infect. Immun. 77:2447.

2. Eltzschig HK, *et al.* 2006. *Blood* 108:1602.

3. Peranteau WH, et al. 2006. Blood 108:4268.