Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-mouse/human Helios

1286210 / 100 tests Catalog # /

Size: 1286205 / 25 tests

Clone: 22F6

Isotype: Hamster IgG

Immunogen: Helios peptide (aa 51-107)

Reactivity: Human, Mouse

The antibody was purified by affinity Preparation:

chromatography and conjugated with

Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal

conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2.

containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA)

Workshop Number:

HCDM listed

Lot-specific **Concentration:**

C57BL/6 splenocytes (left) or human peripheral blood lymphocytes (right) were surface stained with CD4 PE and then treated with True-Nuclear™ Transcription Factor Buffer Set. Cells were then stained with Helios (clone 22F6) Alexa Fluor®

700.

Applications:

Applications: Intracellular Staining for Flow Cytometry

Recommended **Usage:**

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by intracellular immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 µL per million cells in 100 μL staining volume or 5 μL per 100 μL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

Application Notes:

NOT E: For flow cytometric staining with this clone, True-Nuclear™

Transcription Factor Buffer Set (Cat. No. 2722005) offers improved staining and is highly recommended over the Foxp3 Fix/Perm Buffer Set and the True-

Nuclear™ 10X Perm Buffer.

Application References:

- 1. Thornton AM, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 184:1. PubMed
- 2. Verhagen J and Wraith D. 2010. J. Immunol. 185:7129.
- 3. Stone B, et al. 2012. Clin Immunol. 145:153. PubMed
- 4. Vaeth M, et al. 2012. PNAS. 109:16258. PubMed
- 5. Angin M, et al. 2014. PLoS One. 9:86920. PubMed
- 6. Bedke T. et al. 2014. Immunol Cell Biol. PubMed
- 7. Liu Y, et al. 2014. Am J Physiol Gastrointest Liver Physiol. 307:177. **PubMed**
- 8. Verhagen J and Wraith DC. 2014. J. Immunol. Methods. S0022. (FC) **PubMed**

Description:

Helios is a member of the Ikaros family of zinc finger transcription factors. It contains a C-terminal region composed of 2 zinc-finger domains that mediate dimerization between the family members. Helios was originally cloned from a mouse thymoma line. It is mainly expressed in peripheral T cells and thymocytes. It is found at high levels in a subpopulation of regulatory T cells. Helios plays an important role in T cell development and homeostasis. Overexpression of Helios profoundly alters $\alpha\beta$ T cell differentiation and activation. It has been determined that silencing of Helios in B cells is critical for maintaining normal B cell function. Helios is also involved in tumor immunity.

Antigen References:

- 1. Kelly CM, et al. 1998. Curr. Biol. 8:508.
- 2. Dovat S, et al. 2005. J. Immunol. 175:3508.
- 3. Cortes M, et al. 1999. Curr. Opin. Immunol. 11:167.
- 4. Cai Q, et al. 2009. J. Immunol. 183:2303.
- 5. Zhang Z, et al. 2007. Blood 109:2190.
- 6. Hahm K, et al. 1998. Genes Dev. 12:782.