Product Data Sheet

PE/Cy7 anti-mouse CD41

 $\textbf{Catalog \# /} \quad 1269575 \, / \, 25 \; \mu g$

Size: 1269580 / 100 μg

Clone: MWReg30

Isotype: Rat IgG1, κ **Immunogen:** Mouse platelets

Reactivity: Mouse

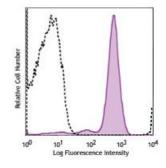
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with PE/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Cy7 and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



Mouse platelets were stained with anti-mouse CD41 (clone MWReg30) PE/Cy7 (filled histogram) or rat IgG1 PE/Cy7 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Notes:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Each lot of this an

Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the

suggested use of this reagent is ≤1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL

volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

Application Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: depletion of

platelets and functional assay *in vivo*. 4,7 The LEAF^m purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for *in*

vivo studies (Cat. No. 133910).

Application 1. Nieswandt B, et al. 1999. Blood 94:684.

References: 2. Teeling JL, et al. 2001. Blood 98:1095.

3. Bertrand JY, et al. 2005. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102:134.

4. Nocito A, et al. 2007. Hepatology 45:369. (Deplete)

5. Sullivan BP, et al. 2010. Toxicol. Sci. 115:286. (Deplete) PubMed

6. van der Heyde HC, et al. 2005. Blood 105:1956. (FA)

7. Marjon KD, et al. 2009. J. Immunol. 182:1397. (Deplete)

Description: CD41, also known as integrin α 2b and GPIIb, is a transmembrane glycoprotein

that is expressed by platelets and megakaryocytes. It was reported that CD41 is also expressed on hematopoietic progenitors. CD41 associates with CD61 (integrin β 3) to form complexes that interact with fibrinogen, fibronectin, von Willebrand factor, and thrombin. CD41 is required for platelet adhesion and

aggregation. Defect of CD41 leads to disorders of coagulation.

Antigen 1. Bakewell SJ, et al. 2003. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 100:14205.

References: 2. Phillips DR, et al. 1991. Cell. 65:359.