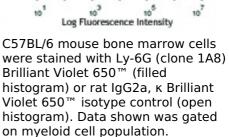
Product Data Sheet

Brilliant Violet 650[™] anti-mouse Ly-6G

Catalog # / Size:	1238205 / 50 μg	+ ,
Clone:	1A8	
Isotype:	Rat IgG2a, κ	_ j _ P;
Immunogen:	Ly-6G transfected EL-4J cell line.	Relative Cell Numbe
Reactivity:	Mouse	
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 650 [™] under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 650 [™] and unconjugated antibody.	
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).	Log Fluor C57BL/6 mouse were stained wi
Concentration:	Lot-specific	Brilliant Violet 6 histogram) or ra Violet 650™ iso



Applications:

Applications:		
Applications:	Flow Cytometry	
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.	
	Brilliant Violet 650 [™] excites at 405 nm and emits at 645 nm. The bandpass filter 660/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel. Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 650 [™] is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.	
	This product is subject to proprietary rights of Sirigen Inc. and is made and sold under license from Sirigen Inc. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer a non-transferable right to use the purchased product for research purposes only. This product may not be resold or incorporated in any manner into another product for resale. Any use for therapeutics or diagnostics is strictly prohibited. This product is covered by U.S. Patent(s), pending patent applications and foreign equivalents.	
Application Notes:	While 1A8 recognizes only Ly-6G, clone RB6-8C5 recognizes both Ly-6G and Ly- 6C. Clone RB6-8C5 binds with high affinity to mouse Ly-6G molecules and to a lower extent to Ly-6C ¹⁵ . Clone RB6-8C5 impairs the binding of anti-mouse Ly-6G clone 1A8 ¹⁵ . However, clone RB6-8C5 is able to stain in the presence of anti- mouse Ly-6C clone HK1.4 ¹⁶ .	
	Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemistry ⁹ of frozen sections ¹⁰ and paraffin-embedded sections ¹¹ , and depletion ^{4, 12-14} . The LEAF TM purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-	

	Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 127620). For <i>in vivo</i> studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF ^{m} purified antibody (Cat. No. 127632) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF ^{m} purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).
Application References:	 Fleming TJ, et al. 1993. J. Immunol. 151:2399. (FC) Daley JM, et al. 2008. J. Leukocyte Biol. 83:1. (FC) Dietlin TA, et al. 2007. J. Leukocyte Biol. 81:1205. (FC) Daley J, et al. 2007. J. Leukocyte Biol. doi:10.1189. (Deplete) PubMed Tadagavadi RK, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 185:4904. PubMed Sumagin R, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 185:7057. PubMed Guiducci C, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 185:7057. PubMed Fujita M, et al. 2011. Cancer Res. 71:2664. PubMed Fujita M, et al. 2010. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 107:21248. [supplementary data] (IHC) Kowanetz M, et al. 2010. J. Gen. Virol. 91:2158. (FC, Deplete) Jaeger BN, et al. 2012. J. Exp. Med. 209:565. (Deplete) Ribechini E, et al. 2012. BMC Immunol. 13:65 (FC, Deplete) Ribechini E, et al. 2019. Eur. J. Immunol. 39:3538. Ng LG, et al. 2011. J Invest. Dermatol. 131:2058. PubMed McCartney-Francis, N, et al. 2014. J Leukoc. Biol. 96:917. PubMed Her Z, et al. 2014. EMBO Mol. Med. 7:24. PubMed
Description:	Lymphocyte antigen 6 complex, locus G (Ly-6G), a 21-25 kD GPI-anchored protein, is expressed on the majority of myeloid cells in bone marrow and peripheral granulocytes.

Antigen Fleming TJ, *et al.* 1993. *J. Immunol.* 151:2399. **References:**