Product Data Sheet

PE anti-mouse Podoplanin

Catalog # / Size: 1237035 / 50 μg

1237040 / 200 µg

Clone: 8.1.1

Isotype: Hamster IgG

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

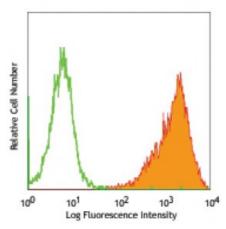
chromatography, and conjugated with PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and

unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



TE-71, mouse thymic epithelial stromal cell line, stained with 8.1.1 ps

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.25 microg per 10^6 cells in 100 microL volume or 100 microL of

whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunohistochemistry⁶.

Application

1. Farr A, et al. 1992. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 40:651.

References: 2. Farr AG, et al. 1992. J. Exp. Med. 176:1477.

Bekiaris V, et al. 2008. J. Immunol. 180:6768.
Algars A, et al. 2011. Blood 117:4387. PubMed

5. Reis VO, et al. 2012. Immunobiology. 217:831. PubMed

6. Kaji C, et al. 2012. Acta. Histochem. Cytochem. 45:227. (IHC)

7. Kretschmer S, et al. 2013. PLoS One. 8:e52201. PubMed.

Description: The mucin-type glycoprotein podoplanin is thought to be involved in the

development of the lymphatic vascular system. Podoplanin is named after its expression in the kidney glomerular epithelial cells (podocytes). It has a potential

role in tumor progression.

Antigen

1. Farr A, et al. 1992. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 40:651.

References:

2. Schacht V, et al. 2005. Am. J. Pathol. 166:913.