

PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-mouse CD127 (IL-7R α)

Catalog # / Size: 1205570 / 100 μ g
1205565 / 25 μ g

Clone: SB/199

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

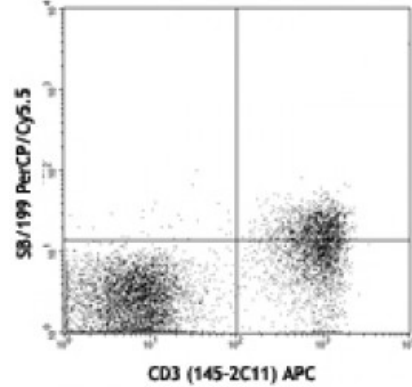
Immunogen: mouse pre-B cell line 1A9

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with CD3 (145-2C11) APC and SB/199 PerCP/Cy5.5

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of 690 nm.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: To reduce non-specific binding to cells bearing Fc-receptors, pre-incubation of cells with anti-mouse CD16/CD32, clone 93 (Cat. No. 101301/101302), is recommended prior to immunofluorescent staining.

- Application References:**
1. Yamashita Y, *et al.* 1999. *J. Immunol.* 162:5940.
 2. Kouro T, *et al.* 2002. *Blood* 100:3672.
 3. Maeda K, *et al.* 2005. *Blood* 106:879.
 4. Diao J, *et al.* 2004. *J. Immunol.* 173:1826.

Description: CD127 is a 60-90 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein, also known as IL-7 receptor α chain or IL-7R α . It forms heterodimer with the common γ chain (γ c or CD132) which is shared with the receptors for IL-2, IL-4, IL-9, IL-13, IL-15, and IL-21. CD127 is expressed on immature B cells through early pre-B stage, thymocytes (except CD4/CD8 double positive thymocytes), peripheral T cells, and bone marrow stromal cells. CD127 has been reported to be an useful marker for identifying memory and effector T cells. The ligation of IL-7 with its receptor is important for stimulation of mature and immature T cells as well as immature B cells proliferation and development.

- Antigen References:**
1. Sudo T, *et al.* 1993. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.* 90:9125.
 2. He YW and Malek TR. 1998. *Crit Rev. Immunol.* 18:503.
 3. Huster K M, *et al.* 2004. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.* 101:5610.
 4. Pillai M, *et al.*