Purified anti-mouse CD366 (Tim-3)

Catalog # / Size: 1198510 / 500 μg

1198505 / 50 µg

Clone: RMT3-23

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, κ

Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

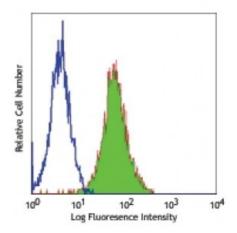
chromatography.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5

Reactivity:



Mouse Tim-3 transfected cells stained with purified anti-mouse CD366 (Tim-3, clone RMT3-23), followed by anti-rat IgG FITC

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of

this reagent is ≤ 1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Application

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for relevant formats) include: *in vitro*1 and *in vivo*2 blocking of Tim-3, and immunohistochemical staining of frozen sections2. The LEAF $^{\text{TM}}$ purified antibody (Endotoxin EU/microg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is

recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 119707).

Application

1. Nakae S, et al. 2007. Blood 110(7):2565-8. (FC, Block)

References:

2. Oikawa T, et al. 2006. J. Immunol. 177(7):4281-7. (FC, Block, IHC)

Description:

CD366 (Tim-3) is a transmembrane protein also known as T cell immunoglobulin and mucin domain containing protein-3. Tim-3 is expressed at high levels on Th1 lymphocytes and CD11b⁺ macrophages. Tim-3 has also been shown to exist as a soluble protein. Cells expressing Tim-3 are present at high levels in the CNS of animals at the onset of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE), a disease mediated by lymphocytes secreting Th1-like cytokines. Tim-3 has been proposed to inhibit Th1-mediated immune responses and promote immunological tolerance.

Antigen References:

1. Sabatos CA, et al. 2003. Nat. Immunol. 4:1102.

2. Sanchez-Fueyo A, et al. 2003. Nat. Immunol. 4:1102.

3. Kuchroo VK, et al. 2003. Nat. Rev. Immunol. 3:454.

4. Mooney L, et al. <