## **Product Data Sheet**

## Brilliant Violet 510<sup>™</sup> anti-mouse Ly-6G/Ly-6C (Gr-1)

Catalog # / Size:	1142190 / 500 μl 1142185 / 125 μl	A A
	1142285 / 50 μg	
Clone:	RB6-8C5	
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, к	Cell N
Immunogen:	Raised against granulocytes of mouse origin	Relative Cell Number
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Mouse	
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 510 <sup>™</sup> under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 510 <sup>™</sup> and unconjugated antibody.	C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells were stained with Ly-6G/Ly-6C (clone RB6-8C5) Brilliant Violet
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).	510™ (filled histogram) or rat IgG2b, κ Brilliant Violet 510™ isotype control (open histogram).
Concentration:	Lot-specific	Data shown was gated on myeloid cell populatio

## **Applications:**

Applications: Flow Cytometry

**Recommended** Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 510<sup>™</sup> excites at 405 nm and emits at 510 nm. The bandpass filter 510/50 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. **Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel.** Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 510<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes: Clone RB6-8C5 binds with high affinity to mouse Ly-6G molecules and to a lower extent to Ly-6C<sup>19</sup>. Clone RB6-8C5 impairs the binding of anti-mouse Ly-6G clone 1A8<sup>19</sup>. However, clone RB6-8C5 is able to stain in the presence of anti-mouse Ly-6C clone HK1.4<sup>20</sup>.

The RB6-8C5 antibody has been used to identify peripheral blood neutrophils and deplete granulocytes *in vivo*. Additional reported applications (for relevant formats of this clone) include: *in vitro* complement-mediated cytotoxicity2, *in vivo* 

Application References:	<ul> <li>depletion<sup>3-5,9</sup>, immunoprecipitation1, immunohistochemical staining<sup>6</sup> (including paraffin-embedded sections<sup>9,16</sup>, acetone-fixed frozen sections<sup>11</sup> and zinc-fixed sections<sup>15</sup>), and Western blotting<sup>7</sup>. RB6-8C5 is not suitable for depletion of hepatic myeloid derived suppressor cells (MDSCs)<sup>20</sup>.</li> <li>Special Note: The LEAF<sup>™</sup> purified antibody (Endotoxin &lt;0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 108414). For <i>in vivo</i> studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF<sup>™</sup> purified antibody (Cat. No. 108436) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF<sup>™</sup> purified antibody (Cat. No. 108436) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF<sup>™</sup> purified antibodies (Endotoxin &lt;0.01 EU/microg).</li> <li>1. Fleming TJ, <i>et al.</i> 1993. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 151:2399. (IP)</li> <li>2. Brummer E, <i>et al.</i> 1993. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 178:151. (Deplete)</li> <li>4. Tumpey TM, <i>et al.</i> 1993. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 178:151. (Deplete)</li> <li>5. Czuprynski CJ, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 18:1819. (WB)</li> <li>8. Engwerda CR, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Am. J. Pathol.</i> 165:2123.</li> <li>9. Brown CR, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>Infect. Immun.</i> 72:4956. (Deplete, IHC)</li> <li>10. Andoniou CE, <i>et al.</i> 2005. <i>Nature Immunology</i> 6:1011. (FC) PubMed</li> <li>11. in <i>M. et al.</i> 2007. <i>Blood</i> 109:1620. (FC) PubMed</li> <li>13. Fazilleau N, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>Blood</i> 110:1639. (FC) PubMed</li> <li>14. Heuser M, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>Infect. Immun.</i> 75:1144. (IHC)</li> </ul>	
	<ol> <li>Bosio CM, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 178:4538. (IHC)</li> <li>Boehme SA, <i>et al.</i> 2009. <i>Int. Immunol.</i> 21:81. (IHC)</li> <li>Piao Y, <i>et al.</i> 2012. <i>Neuro Oncol.</i> 14:1379. <u>PubMed</u></li> <li>Ribechini E, <i>et al.</i> 2009. <i>Eur. J. Immunol.</i> 39:3538.</li> <li>Ma C, <i>et al.</i> 2012. <i>J. Leukoc. Biol.</i> 92:1199.</li> </ol>	
Description:	Gr-1 is a 21-25 kD protein also known as Ly-6G/Ly-6C. This myeloid differentiation antigen is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-linked protein expressed on granulocytes and macrophages. In bone marrow, the expression levels of Gr-1 directly correlate with granulocyte differentiation and maturation; Gr-1 is also transiently expressed on bone marrow cells in the monocyte lineage. Immature Myeloid Gr-1+ cells play a role in the development of antitumor immunity.	
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   1. Fleming TJ, et al. 1993. J. Immunol. 151:2399.

   References:
   2. Jutila MA, et al. 1988. Eur. J. Immunol. 18:1819.
  - 3. Goni O, *et al.* 2002. *Int. Immunol.* 14:1125.