

**PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-mouse CD154**

**Catalog # / Size:** 1132570 / 100 µg  
1132565 / 25 µg

**Clone:** MR1

**Isotype:** Hamster IgG

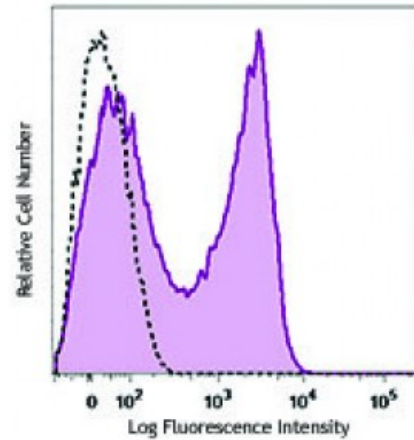
**Immunogen:** Activated mouse Th1 clone D1.6

**Reactivity:** Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

**Concentration:** 0.2



Enriched C57BL/6 mouse splenic T cells were stimulated with PMA+ionomycin for 6 hours and then stained with CD154 (clone MR1) PerCP/Cy5.5 (filled histogram) or Armenian hamster IgG PerCP/Cy5.5 (open histogram).

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of 690 nm.

**Application Notes:** Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections<sup>1,2</sup>, and *in vitro* and *in vivo* blocking of ligand binding<sup>3-5</sup>. For most successful immunofluorescent staining results, it may be important to maximize signal over background by using a relatively bright fluorochrome-antibody conjugate (Cat. No. 106506) or by using a high sensitivity, three-layer staining technique (e.g., including a biotinylated antibody (Cat. No. 106504) or biotinylated anti-Armenian hamster IgG (Cat. No. 405501) second step, followed by SA<sub>v</sub>-PE (Cat. No. 45204)). The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 106508).

- Application References:**
1. Lettesjö H, *et al.* 2000. *J. Immunol.* 165:4095. (IHC)
  2. Dunn RJ, *et al.* 1997. *J. Histochem. Cytochem.* 45:129. (IHC)
  3. Noelle RJ, *et al.* 1992. *P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:6550. (Block)
  4. Roy M, *et al.* 1995. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 25:596. (Block)
  5. Foy TM, *et al.* 1994. *J. Exp. Med.* 180:157. (Block)
  6. Lawson BR, *et al.* 2007. *J. Immunol.* 178:5366.

**Description:** CD154 is a 39 kD TNF superfamily member also known as CD40 ligand, gp39, T-

BAM, TRAP, and Ly-62. CD154 is an accessory molecule expressed predominantly on activated CD4<sup>+</sup> lymphocytes that bind CD40. CD154 plays an important role in T-B cell costimulation. The MR1 antibody has been reported to inhibit the activation of T and B lymphocytes *in vitro* and antigen-specific lymphocyte responses *in vivo*.

**Antigen  
References:**

1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Noelle RJ, *et al.* 1992. *P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:6550.
3. Bancherou J, *et al.* 1994. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 12:881.