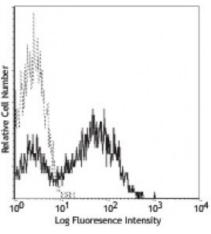
Product Data Sheet

FITC anti-mouse CD80

Catalog # / Size:	1123525 / 50 μg 1123530 / 500 μg	
Clone:	16-10A1	
Isotype:	Hamster IgG	nber
Immunogen:	CHO cell line transfected with mouse B7 (CD80)	Relative Cell Number
Reactivity:	Other	slatin
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with FITC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated FITC.	æ.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.	LP
Concentration:	0.5	spl FIT



LPS-stimulated (3 days) BALB/c splenocytes stained with 16-10A1 FITC

Applications:

Applications:	Flow Cytometry
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is \leq 1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
Application Notes:	Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation2, <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> blocking of CTLA-4 Ig to CD80 by blocking costimulation of T cells by activated B cells ²⁻⁴ , and immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections ^{1,4} . The LEAF [™] purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 104710).
Application References:	 Harlan DM, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 91:3137. (IHC) Razi-Wolf Z, <i>et al.</i> 1992. <i>P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 89:4210. (Block, IP) Hathcock KS, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 180:631. (Block) Herold KC, <i>et al.</i> 1997. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 158:984. (Block, IHC) Ma XT, <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 66:1169. Andoniou CE, <i>et al.</i> 2005. <i>Nature Immunology</i> 6:1011. (FC) Lawson BR, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 178:5366. Turnquist HR, et al. 2007. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 178:7018. Misra RS, <i>et al.</i> 2010. <i>J. Exp Med.</i> 207:1775. PubMed del Rio ML, <i>et al.</i> 2011. <i>Transpl. Int.</i> 24:501. (FC) PubMed Liang Y, <i>et al.</i> 2014. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 192:1277. PubMed Tassi I, <i>et al.</i> 2014. <i>J Immunol.</i> 193:4303. PubMed Li XL, <i>et al.</i> 2014. <i>PLoS One.</i> 9:108192. PubMed

Description: CD80 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the lg superfamily and is also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD80 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD80 and CD86 (B7-

For research use only. Not for diagnostic use. Not for resale. Sony Biotechnology Inc. will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Sony Biotechnology Inc. 1730 North First Street, San Jose, CA 95112 www.sonybiotechnology.com 2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD80 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD80 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.

Antigen
1. Barclay AN, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Linsley PS, et al. 1991. J. Exp. Med. 174:561.
3. Salomon B, et al. 2001. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 19:225.