Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-mouse CD45RB

Catalog # / Size: 1116560 / 100 μg

1116555 / 25 μg

Clone: C363-16A Isotype: Rat IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Cloned mouse Th2 cell lines

Reactivity: Mouse

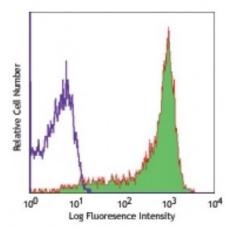
Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugatedAlexa Fluor® 647.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



C57Bl/6 mouse splenocytes stained with C363-16A Alexa Fluor® 647

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of

this reagent is ≤ 0.25 microg per 10^6 cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at

633nm / 635nm.

Application Notes:

cation Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunoprecipitation1, immunohistochemistry of acetone-fixed frozen sections

and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections.

Application References:

1. Bottomly K, et al. 1989. Eur. J. Immunol. 19:617.

2. Norian LA and Allen PM. 2004. *J. Immunol.* 173:835.

Description: CD45RB is an isoform of CD45 with exon 5 splicing (encodes B determinant). It is

a 220 kD glycoprotein expressed on peripheral B cells, naïve T cells, thymocytes, weakly on macrophages, and dendritic cells. It plays a critical role in TCR and BCR signaling. As T cells become activated and progress from naïve to memory cells, CD45RB expression is downregulated. Additionally, functionally distinct CD4⁺ T cell subsets, which secrete differing cytokine profiles, can be separated by CD45RB intensity. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, CD4

and Thy-1.

Antigen References:

1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.

es: 2. Trowbridge IS, et al. 1993. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:85.

3. Kishihara K, et al. 1993. Cell 74:143.

4. Pulido R, <