Product Data Sheet

Spark Violet [™] 538 anti-mouse/human CD45R/B220

Catalog # / $1116420 / 100 \mu g$

Size: 1116415 / 25 μg

Clone: RA3-6B2

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Immunogen: Abelson murine leukemia virus-

induced pre-B tumor cells

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Other

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Spark Violet™ 538 under optimal

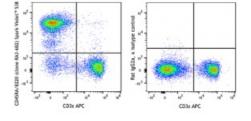
conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide

Workshop Number: 750 under optimal conditions.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with CD3ε APC and CD45R/B220 (clone RA3-6B2) Spark Violet™ 538 (left) or rat IgG2a, k Spark Violet™ 538 isotype control (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 1.0~\mu g$ per million cells in $100~\mu L$ volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

* Spark Violet $^{\mathsf{m}}$ 538 has a maximum excitation of 396 nm and a maximum

emission of 538 nm.

Application Notes:

Clone RA3-6B2 has been described to

react with an epitope on the extracellular domain of the

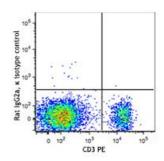
transmembrane CD45 glycoprotein which is dependent upon the

expression of exon A and specific carbohydrate residues. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include:

immunoprecipitation¹, *in vitro* and *in vivo* modulation of B cell responses²⁻⁴, and immunohistochemistry of

acetone-fixed frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded

sections^{5,6}.



Application References:

- 1. Coffman RL. 1982. Immunol. Rev. 69:5. (IP)
- 2. George A, et al. 1994. J. Immunol. 152:1014. (Activ)
- 3. Asensi V, et al. 1989. Immunology 68:204. (Activ)
- 4. Domiati-Saad R, et al. 1993. J. Immunol. 151:5936. (Activ)
- 5. Hata H, et al. 2004. J. Clin. Invest. 114:582. (IHC)
- 6. Monteith CE, et al. 1996. Can. J. Vet. Res. 60:193. (IHC)
- 7. Shih FF, et al. 2006. J. Immunol. 176:3438. (FC)
- 8. Chang C L-T, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:6984.
- 9. Fazilleau N, et al. 2007. Nature Immunol. 8:753.
- 10. Lang GL, et al. 2008. Blood 111:2158. PubMed
- 11. Charles N, et al. 2010. Nat. Med. 16:701. (FC) PubMed
- 12. del Rio ML, et al. 2011. Transpl. Int. 24:501. (FC) PubMed 13. Murakami R, et al. 2013. PLoS One. 8:73270. PubMed

Description:

CD45R, also known as B220, is an isoform of CD45. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family with a molecular weight of approximately 180-240 kD. CD45R is expressed on B cells (at all developmental stages from pro-B cells through mature B cells), activated B cells, and subsets of T and NK cells. CD45R (B220) is also expressed on a subset of abnormal T cells involved in the pathogenesis of systemic autoimmunity in MRL-Fas^{lpr} and MRL-Fas^{gld} mice. It plays a critical role in TCR and BCR signaling. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, and CD4. CD45R is commonly used as a pan-B cell marker; however, CD19 may be more appropriate for B cell specificity.

Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Trowbridge IS, et al. 1993. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:85.
- 3. Kishihara K, et al. 1993. Cell 74:143.
- 4. Pulido R, et al. 1988. J. Immunol. 140:3851.