## PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-mouse/human CD45R/B220

Catalog # / Size: 1116180 / 100 µg

1116175 / 25 μg

Clone: RA3-6B2 Isotype: Rat IgG2a, ĸ

Abelson murine leukemia virus-induced Immunogen:

pre-B tumor cells

Reactivity: Human

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

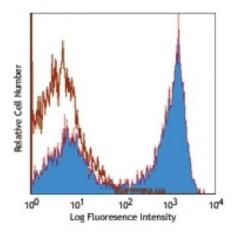
> chromatography, and conjugated with PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated

antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

**Concentration:** 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with RA3-6B2 PerCP/Cy5.5

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of

this reagent is  $\leq 0.25$  microg per  $10^6$  cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

\* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of

690 nm.

**Application Notes:** 

Clone RA3-6B2 has been described to react with an epitope on the extracellular domain of the transmembrane CD45 glycoprotein which is dependent upon the expression of exon A and specific carbohydrate residues. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation1, in vitro and in vivo modulation of B cell responses<sup>2-4</sup>, and immunohistochemistry of acetonefixed frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections<sup>5,6</sup>. The LEAF<sup>™</sup> purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 103216).

**Application** References:

- 1. Coffman RL. 1982. Immunol. Rev. 69:5. (IP)
- 2. George A, et al. 1994. J. Immunol. 152:1014. (Activ)
- 3. Asensi V, et al. 1989. *Immunology* 68:204. (Activ)
- 4. Domiati-Saad R, et al. 1993. J. Immunol. 151:5936. (Activ)
- 5. Hata H, et al. 2004. J. Clin. Invest. 114:582. (IHC)
- 6. Monteith CE, et al. 1996. Can. J. Vet. Res. 60:193. (IHC)
- 7. Shih FF, et al. 2006. J. Immunol. 176:3438. (FC)
- 8. Chang C L-T, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:6984.
- 9. Fazilleau N, et al. 2007. Nature Immunol. 8:753.
- 10. Lang GL, et al. 2008. Blood 111:2158. PubMed
- 11. Charles N, et al. 2010. Nat. Med. 16:701. (FC) PubMed
- 12. del Rio ML, et al. 2011. Transpl. Int. 24:501. (FC) PubMed
- 13. Murakami R, et al. 2013. PLoS One. 8:73270. PubMed

## **Description:**

CD45R, also known as B220, is an isoform of CD45. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family with a molecular weight of approximately 180-240 kD. CD45R is expressed on B cells (at all developmental stages from pro-B cells through mature B cells), activated B cells, and subsets of T and NK cells. CD45R (B220) is also expressed on a subset of abnormal T cells involved in the pathogenesis of systemic autoimmunity in MRL-*Fas*<sup>lpr</sup> and MRL-*Fas*<sup>gld</sup> mice. It plays a critical role in TCR and BCR signaling. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, and CD4. CD45R is commonly used as a pan-B cell marker; however, CD19 may be more appropriate for B cell specificity.

## Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Trowbridge IS, et al. 1993. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:85.
- 3. Kishihara K, et al. 1993. Cell 74:143.
- 4. Pulido R, <