Product Data Sheet

APC/Fire™ 750 anti-mouse CD45

Catalog # / $1115770 / 100 \mu g$

Size: 1115765 / 25 μg

Clone: 30-F11

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

Immunogen: Mouse thymus or spleen

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

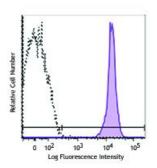
APC/Fire&trade

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Workshop Number: 750 under optimal conditions.

Concentration: 0.2 mg/ml



C57BL/6 splenocytes were stained with CD45 (clone 30-F11) APC/Fire™ 750 (filled histogram) or Rat IgG2b, κ APC/Fire™ 750 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent

staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 µg per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

* APC/Fire™ 750 has a maximum excitation of 650 nm and a maximum

emission of 787 nm.

Application Notes:

Clone 30-F11 reacts with all isoforms

and both CD45.1 and CD45.2

alloantigens of CD45.

Additional reported applications (for

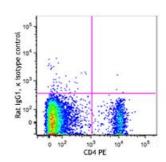
relevant formats) include:

immunoprecipitation³, complement-

dependent

cytotoxicity^{1,5}, immunohistochemistry (acetone-fixed frozen sections, zinc-fixed paraffin-embedded sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)^{4,6} and Western blotting⁷. The Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin < 0.01 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 103163

and 103164).



Application References:

- 1. Podd BS, et al. 2006. J. Immunol. 176:6532. (FC, CMCD) PubMed
- 2. Haynes NM, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 179:5099. (FC)
- 3. Ledbetter JA, et al. 1979. Immunol. Rev. 47:63. (IP)
- 4. Simon DI, et al. 2000. J. Clin. Invest. 105:293. (IHC)
- 5. Seaman WE. 1983. J. Immunol. 130:1713. (CMCD)
- 6. Cornet A, et al. 2001. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 98:13306. (IHC)
- 7. Tsuboi S and Fukuda M. 1998. J. Biol. Chem. 273:30680. (WB) PubMed
- 8. Liu F, et al. 2012. Blood. 119:3295. PubMed
- 9. Pelletier AN, et al. 2012. J. Immunol. 188:5561. PubMed

Description:

CD45 is a 180-240 kD glycoprotein also known as the leukocyte common antigen (LCA), T200, or Ly-5. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, expressed on all hematopoietic cells except mature erythrocytes and platelets. There are different isoforms of CD45 that arise from variable splicing of exons 4, 5, and 6, which encode A, B, and C determinants, respectively. CD45 plays a key role in TCR and BCR signal transduction. These isoforms are very specific to the activation and maturation state of the cell as well as cell type. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, CD4, TCR, CD22, and Thy-1.

Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Trowbridge IS, et al. 1993. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:85.
- 3. Kishihara K, et al. 1993. Cell 74:143.
- 4. Pulido R, et al. 1988. J. Immunol. 140:3851.