SONY

Product Data Sheet

Brilliant Violet 421™ anti-mouse CD45

Catalog # / Size: 1115665 / 125 µl
1115670 / 50 µg

Clone: 30-F11

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

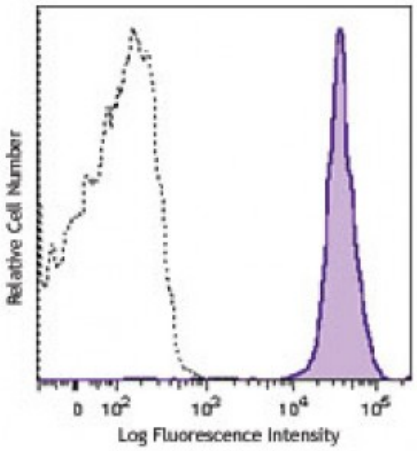
Immunogen: Mouse thymus or spleen

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 421™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 421™ and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: microg sizes: 0.2 mg/ml
microL sizes: lot-specific



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD45 (clone 30-F11) Brilliant Violet 421™ (filled histogram) or rat IgG2b Brilliant Violet 421™ isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining using the microg size, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. For immunofluorescent staining using the microL size, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Brilliant Violet 421™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 421 nm. The standard bandpass filter 450/50 nm is recommended for detection. Brilliant Violet 421™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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Application Notes: Clone 30-F11 reacts with all isoforms and both CD45.1 and CD45.2 alloantigens of CD45.

Additional reported applications (for relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation3, complement-dependent cytotoxicity[1,5], immunohistochemistry (acetone-fixed frozen sections, zinc-fixed paraffin-embedded sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)[4,6] and Western blotting[7]. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 103120).

Application

1. Podd BS, *et al.* 2006. *J. Immunol.* 176:6532. (FC, CMCD) PubMed

References:
2. Haynes NM, *et al.* 2007. *J. Immunol.* 179:5099. (FC)
3. Ledbetter JA, *et al.* 1979. *Immunol. Rev.* 47:63. (IP)
4. Simon DI, *et al.* 2000. *J. Clin. Invest.* 105:293. (IHC)
5. Seaman WE. 1983. *J. Immunol.* 130:1713. (CMCD)
6. Cornet A, *et al.* 2001. *P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 98:13306. (IHC)
7. Tsuboi S and Fukuda M. 1998. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273:30680. (WB) PubMed
8. Liu F, *et al.* 2012. *Blood.* 119:3295. PubMed
9. Pelletier AN, *et al.* 2012. *J. Immunol.* 188:5561. PubMed

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Description: CD45 is a 180-240 kD glycoprotein also known as the leukocyte common antigen (LCA), T200, or Ly-5. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, expressed on all hematopoietic cells except mature erythrocytes and platelets. There are different isoforms of CD45 that arise from variable splicing of exons 4, 5, and 6, which encode A, B, and C determinants, respectively. CD45 plays a key role in TCR and BCR signal transduction. These isoforms are very specific to the activation and maturation state of the cell as well as cell type. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, CD4, TCR, CD22, and Thy-1.

Antigen References:
1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Trowbridge IS, *et al.* 1993. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 12:85.
3. Kishihara K, *et al.* 1993. *Cell* 74:143.
4. Pulido R, <