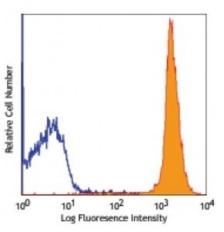
## **Product Data Sheet**

## **PerCP anti-mouse CD45**

Catalog # / Size:	1115650 / 100 μg 1115645 / 25 μg
Clone:	30-F11
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, κ
Immunogen:	Mouse thymus or spleen
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Mouse
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with PerCP under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PerCP and unconjugated antibody.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
<b>Concentration:</b>	0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with 30-F11 PerCP

## **Applications:**

Applications:	Flow Cytometry
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 0.25$ microg per $10^6$ cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
	* PerCP has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and a maximum emission of 675 nm.
Application Notes:	Clone 30-F11 reacts with all isoforms and both CD45.1 and CD45.2 alloantigens of CD45.
	Additional reported applications (for relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation3, complement-dependent cytotoxicity <sup>1,5</sup> , immunohistochemistry (acetone-fixed frozen sections, zinc-fixed paraffin- embedded sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) <sup>4,6</sup> and Western blotting <sup>7</sup> . The LEAF <sup>TM</sup> purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide- Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 103120).
Application References:	<ol> <li>Podd BS, <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 176:6532. (FC, CMCD) <u>PubMed</u></li> <li>Haynes NM, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 179:5099. (FC)</li> <li>Ledbetter JA, <i>et al.</i> 1979. <i>Immunol. Rev.</i> 47:63. (IP)</li> <li>Simon DI, <i>et al.</i> 2000. <i>J. Clin. Invest.</i> 105:293. (IHC)</li> <li>Seaman WE. 1983. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 130:1713. (CMCD)</li> <li>Cornet A, <i>et al.</i> 2001. <i>P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 98:13306. (IHC)</li> <li>Tsuboi S and Fukuda M. 1998. <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 273:30680. (WB) <u>PubMed</u></li> <li>Liu F, <i>et al.</i> 2012. <i>Blood.</i> 119:3295. <u>PubMed</u></li> <li>Pelletier AN, <i>et al.</i> 2012. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 188:5561. <u>PubMed</u></li> </ol>

**Description:** CD45 is a 180-240 kD glycoprotein also known as the leukocyte common antigen (LCA), T200, or Ly-5. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, expressed on all hematopoietic cells except mature erythrocytes and

For research use only. Not for diagnostic use. Not for resale. Sony Biotechnology Inc. will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Sony Biotechnology Inc. 1730 North First Street, San Jose, CA 95112 www.sonybiotechnology.com platelets. There are different isoforms of CD45 that arise from variable splicing of exons 4, 5, and 6, which encode A, B, and C determinants, respectively. CD45 plays a key role in TCR and BCR signal transduction. These isoforms are very specific to the activation and maturation state of the cell as well as cell type. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, CD4, TCR, CD22, and Thy-1.

Antigen
1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Trowbridge IS, *et al.* 1993. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 12:85.
3. Kishihara K, *et al.* 1993. *Cell* 74:143.
4. Pulido R, <</li>