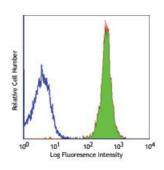
Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-mouse CD45

Catalog # / Size:	1115605 / 25 μg 1115610 / 100 μg
Clone:	30-F11
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, κ
Immunogen:	Mouse thymus or spleen
Reactivity:	Mouse
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 488 under optimal conditions.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Workshop Number:	III 204
Concentration:	0.5



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with 30-F11 Alexa Fluor® 488

Applications:

Applications:	Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry, Other
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 0.25 \ \mu$ g per 10^6 cells in 100 μ l volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
	* Alexa Fluor $^{ m I\!R}$ 488 has a maximum emission of 519 nm when it is excited at 488 nm.
Application Notes:	Clone 30-F11 reacts with all isoforms and both CD45.1 and CD45.2 alloantigens of CD45.
	Additional reported applications (for relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation3, complement-dependent cytotoxicity ^{1,5} , immunohistochemistry (acetone-fixed frozen sections, zinc-fixed paraffin- embedded sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) ^{4,6} and Western blotting ⁷ . The LEAF [™] purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide- Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 103120).
Application References:	 Podd BS, <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 176:6532. (FC, CMCD) <u>PubMed</u> Haynes NM, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 179:5099. (FC) Ledbetter JA, <i>et al.</i> 1979. <i>Immunol. Rev.</i> 47:63. (IP) Simon DI, <i>et al.</i> 2000. <i>J. Clin. Invest.</i> 105:293. (IHC) Seaman WE. 1983. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 130:1713. (CMCD) Cornet A, <i>et al.</i> 2001. <i>P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 98:13306. (IHC) Tsuboi S and Fukuda M. 1998. <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 273:30680. (WB) <u>PubMed</u> Liu F, <i>et al.</i> 2012. <i>Blood.</i> 119:3295. <u>PubMed</u> Pelletier AN, <i>et al.</i> 2012. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 188:5561. <u>PubMed</u>

For research use only. Not for diagnostic use. Not for resale. Sony Biotechnology Inc. will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Sony Biotechnology Inc. 1730 North First Street, San Jose, CA 95112 www.sonybiotechnology.com **Description:** CD45 is a 180-240 kD glycoprotein also known as the leukocyte common antigen (LCA), T200, or Ly-5. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, expressed on all hematopoietic cells except mature erythrocytes and platelets. There are different isoforms of CD45 that arise from variable splicing of exons 4, 5, and 6, which encode A, B, and C determinants, respectively. CD45 plays a key role in TCR and BCR signal transduction. These isoforms are very specific to the activation and maturation state of the cell as well as cell type. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, CD4, TCR, CD22, and Thy-1.

Antigen 1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
References: 2. Trowbridge IS, et al. 1993. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:85.

- 3. Kishihara K, et al. 1993. Cell 74:143.
 - 4. Pulido R, et al. 1988. J. Immunol. 140:3851.

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