# APC/Cy7 anti-mouse/human CD44

**Catalog #** / 1115135 / 25 μg

**Size:** 1115140 / 100 μg

Clone: IM7

**Isotype:** Rat IgG2b, κ

Immunogen: Dexamethasone-induced myeloid

leukemia M1 cells

Reactivity: Human

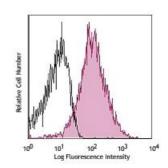
**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography, and conjugated with APC/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC/Cy7 and unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 splenocytes stained with

IM7 APC/Cy7

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

**Usage:** 

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL

volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

Application Notes:

Clone IM7 has been reported to recognize an epitope common to alloantigens and all isoforms of CD44<sup>17,18</sup> that is located between amino acids 145 and 186<sup>20</sup>. This clone has been verified for immunocytochemistry (ICC) and frozen immunohistochemistry (IHC-F). Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemistry of acetone-fixed frozen sections and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections<sup>6,7</sup>, complement-mediated cytotoxicity<sup>1</sup>, immunoprecipitation<sup>1,3</sup>, and *in vivo* inhibition of DTH<sup>4,5</sup>. The LEAF  $^{\text{m}}$  purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ $\mu$ g, Azide-Free, 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 103014). For highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF  $^{\text{m}}$  purified antibody (Cat. No. 103046) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF  $^{\text{m}}$  purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/ $\mu$ g).

#### Application References:

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- 13. Kenna TJ, et al. 2008. Blood 111:2091. PubMed
- 14. Yamazaki J, et al. 2009. Blood PubMed
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- 18. Wiranowska M, et al. 2010. Int. J. Cancer 127:532.
- 19. Hirokawa Y, et al. 2014. Am J Physiol Gastrointerest Liver Physiol. 306:547. PubMed
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- 21. Nagaoka M, et al. 2014. | Immunol. 193:2812. PubMed
- 22. Young KH, et al. 2014. Cancer Immunol Res. 2:1011. PubMed

### **Description:**

CD44 is a 80-95 kD glycoprotein also known as Hermes, Pgp1, H-CAM, or HUTCH. It is expressed on all leukocytes, endothelial cells, hepatocytes, and mesenchymal cells. As B and T cells become activated or progress to the memory stage, CD44 expression increases from low or mid levels to high levels. Thus, CD44 has been reported to be a valuable marker for memory cell subsets. High CD44 expression on Treg cells has been associated with potent suppressive function via high production of IL-10. CD44 is an adhesion molecule involved in leukocyte attachment to and rolling on endothelial cells, homing to peripheral lymphoid organs and to the sites of inflammation, and leukocyte aggregation.

#### **Antigen References:**

- 1. Barclay AN, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Haynes BF, et al. 1991. Cancer Cells 3:347.
- 3. Goldstein LA, et al. 1989. Cell 56:1063.
- 4. Mikecz K, et al