Product Data Sheet

APC/Fire™ 750 anti-mouse CD38

Catalog # / $1113690 / 100 \mu g$

Size: 1113685 / 25 μg

Clone: 90

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Mouse bone marrow pre-B cells

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with

APC/Fire™ 750 under optimal

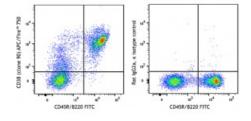
conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide

Workshop Number: 750 under optimal conditions.

Concentration: 0.2 mg/mL



C57BL/6 splenocytes were stained with CD45R/B220 FITC and CD38 (clone 90) APC/Fire™ 750 (left) or rat IgG2a, κ isotype control (right).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent

staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 0.125~\mu g$ per million cells in 100 μL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for

each application.

* APC/Fire™ 750 has a maximum excitation of 650 nm and a maximum

emission of 787 nm.

Application Notes:

Additional reported applications (for

the relevant formats) include:

 $immunohistochemistry^{1,2}$ of acetone-fixed frozen sections, and induction

of B cell proliferation¹.

Application References:

1. Oliver AM, et al. 1997. J. Immunol. 158:1108.

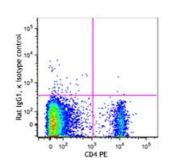
2. Howard M, et al. 1993. Science 262:1056.

Description: CD38 is a 42 kD glycoprotein, also known as T10. It is an ADP-ribosyl

hydrolase, expressed on B cells, NK cells, a subset of T cells, brain, muscle, and kidney. In mouse, CD38 expression is downregulated on germinal center B cells and plasma cells, whereas this is not the case for humans. By functioning as both a cyclase and a hydrolase, CD38 mediates lymphocyte

activation, as well as adhesion and metabolism of cADPR and NAADP. CD31

is the ligand of CD38.



Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay AN, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- Shubinsky G, et al. 1997. Immunity 7:315.
 Cesano A, et al. 1998. J. Immunol. 160:1106.
 Cockayne DA, et al. 1998. Blood 92:1324.