## **Product Data Sheet**

## PE/Dazzle™ 594 anti-mouse CD31

**Catalog # / Size:**  $1112625 / 25 \mu g$ 

1112630 / 100 µg

Clone: MEC13.3

**Isotype:** Rat IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: Polyoma middle T transformed EC line

tEnd.1

Reactivity: Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

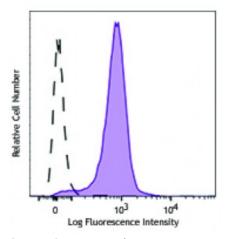
chromatography and conjugated with PE/Dazzle™ 594 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Dazzle™ 594 and

unconjugated antibody.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: Lot-specific



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with PE/Dazzle™ 594 CD31 (clone MEC13.3) (filled histogram) or rat IgG2a, κ isotype control (open histogram).

### **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* PE/Dazzle  $^{\scriptscriptstyle\mathsf{TM}}$  594 has a maximum excitation of 566 nm and a maximum emission of 610 nm.

This product is subject to proprietary rights of Sirigen Inc. and is made and sold under license from Sirigen Inc. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer a non-transferable right to use the purchased product for research purposes only. This product may not be resold or incorporated in any manner into another product for resale. Any use for therapeutics or diagnostics is strictly prohibited. This product is covered by U.S. Patent(s), pending patent applications and foreign equivalents.

Application Notes:

Anti-mouse CD31 clones 390 and MEC13.3 bind to their respective non-overlapping epitopes in IgD2 of CD31.<sup>8</sup> Additional reported applications (in the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation1, *in vitro* and *in vivo* blocking of CD31-mediated cell-cell interactions<sup>1-4</sup>, and immunohistochemical staining<sup>1,5,6</sup> of acetone-fixed frozen sections and zinc-fixed paraffin-embedded sections. **Special Note:** The antibody works well on acetone-fixed frozen sections as well as Zinc-fixed paraffin-embedded sections. It sometime works on formalin-fixed and paraformaldehyde-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections but inconsistent results have been reported. This antibody is not recommended for formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections or for Western blot analysis. The LEAF purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ $\mu$ g, Azide-Free, 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 102512).

**Application** 1. Vecchi A, *et al.* 1994. *Eur. J. Cell Biol.* 63:247. (IP, IHC, Block) 2. Christofidou-Solomidou M, *et al.* 1997. *J. Immunol.* 158:4872. (Block)

- 3. DeLisser HM, et al. 1997. Am. J. Pathol. 151:671. (Block)
- 4. Rosenblum WI, et al. 1994. Am. J. Pathol. 145:33. (Block)
- 5. Baldwin HS, et al. 1994. Development 120:2539. (IHC)
- 6. Voswinckel R, et al. 2003. Circ. Res. 93:372. (IHC)
- 7. Leung VW, et al. 2009. Am J. Pathol. 175:1757. PubMed
- 8. Chacko AM, et al. 2012. PLoS One 7:e34958.
- 9. Giacomini C, et al. 2014. Exp Eye Res. 18:1. PubMed
- 10. Morita R, et al. 2015. PNAS. 112:160. PubMed
- 11. Ito A, et al. 2015. Brain Res. 1594:310. PubMed

#### **Description:**

CD31 is a 130-140 kD glycoprotein, also known as platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule (PECAM-1), EndoCAM, and gplla. It is a member of the Ig superfamily, expressed on endothelial cells, platelets, granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and T and B cell subsets, and is critical for cell-to-cell interactions. The primary ligands for CD31 have been reported to be CD38 and the vitronectin receptor ( $\alpha_{\rm V}$   $\beta_3$  integrin, CD51/CD61). Other reported functions of CD31 are neutrophil emigration to sites of inflammation, and angiogenesis.

# Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay AN, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. DeLisser HM, et al. 1994. Immunol. Today 15:490.
- 3. Newman PJ, et al. 1990. Science 247:1219.