

Spark NIR™ 685 anti-mouse CD25

Catalog # / Size: 1110350 / 100 µg
1110345 / 25 µg

Clone: PC61

Isotype: Rat IgG1, λ

Immunogen: IL-2-dependent cytolytic mouse T-cell clone B6.1

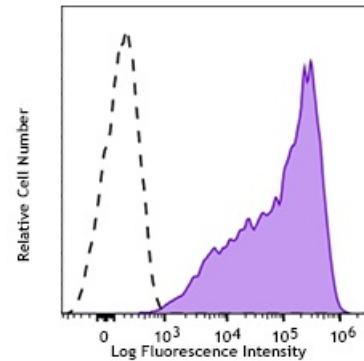
Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Spark NIR™ 685 under optimal conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide

Workshop Number: 750 under optimal conditions.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL

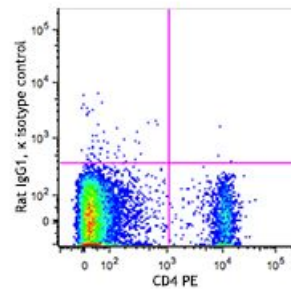


Con A-stimulated (day-3) C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with anti-mouse CD25 Spark NIR™ 685 (filled histogram). Open histogram represents cells only.

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.5 µg per million cells in 100 µL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.



* Spark NIR™ 685 has a maximum excitation of 665 nm and a maximum emission of 685 nm.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation^{1,2}, *in vitro* blocking of IL-2 binding to low- and high-affinity receptors¹⁻⁴, growth inhibition of IL-2-dependent T-cell lines¹⁻⁴, *in vivo* depletion of CD25⁺CD4⁺ Treg cells^{5-8,10}, and immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections². PC61 antibody recognizes a different epitope than 3C7 antibody (Cat. No. 101902). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 102040) with endotoxin < 0.01 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered.

- Application References:**
1. Lowenthal JW, *et al.* 1985. *Nature* 315:669. (IP, Block)
 2. Ceredig R, *et al.* 1985. *Nature* 314:98. (IP, IHC, Block)
 3. Lowenthal JW, *et al.* 1985. *J. Immunol.* 135:3988. (Block)
 4. Moreau JL, *et al.* 1987. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 17:929. (Block)
 5. Takahashi T, *et al.* 2000. *J. Exp. Med.* 192:303. (Deplete)
 6. Onizuka S, *et al.* 1999. *Cancer Res.* 59:3128. (Deplete)
 7. Lei TC, *et al.* 2005. *Blood* 105:4865. (Deplete)
 8. Pasare C, *et al.* 2004. *Immunity* 21:733. (Deplete)
 9. León-Ponte M, *et al.* 2007. *Blood* 109:3139.
 10. Cao OW, *et al.* 2007. *Blood* doi:10.1182/blood-2007-02-073304. (Deplete)
 11. Benson MJ, *et al.* 2007. *J. Exp. Med.* doi:10.1084/jem.20070719.
 12. Liu F, *et al.* 2011. *Arch Toxicol.* 85:1383. [PubMed](#)
 13. Anguela XM, *et al.* 2013. *Diabetes.* 62:551. [PubMed](#)
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Description: CD25 is a 55 kD glycoprotein also known as the low affinity IL-2R α , Ly-43, p55, or Tac. It is expressed on activated T and B cells, thymocyte subsets, pre-B cells, and T regulatory cells. In association with CD122 (IL-2R β) and CD132 (common γ chain), CD25 forms the high affinity signaling IL-2 receptor.

- Antigen References:**
1. Taniguchi T, *et al.* 1993. *Cell* 73:5-8.
 2. Waldmann TA. 1991. *J Biol Chem.* 266:2681-4.
 3. Read S, *et al.* 2000. *J Exp Med.* 192:295-302.
 4. Lowenthal JW, *et al.* 1985. *J Immunol.* 135:3988-94.