## **Product Data Sheet**

## PE/Cy7 anti-mouse CD24

Catalog # / Size: 1109110 / 100 µg

1109105 / 25 µg

Clone: M1/69

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

C57BL/10 mouse splenic T cells and Immunogen:

concanavalin A-activated splenocytes

Reactivity: Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity

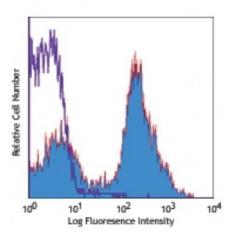
> chromatography, and conjugated with PE/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Cy7

and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained

with M1/69 PE/Cy7

## **Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of

this reagent is  $\leq 0.25$  microg per  $10^6$  cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

**Application** 

Notes:

Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: Western blotting1, in vitro induction of thymocyte maturation2, complement-mediated cytotoxicity3, and immunohistochemistry of acetone-fixed frozen sections4, formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections5 and zinc-fixed paraffin-embedded sections<sup>10</sup>. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 101810).

**Application References:** 

- 1. Springer T, et al. 1978. Eur. J. Immunol. 8:539. (WB)
- 2. Crowley M, et al. 1989. Cell. Immunol. 118:108. (FA)
- 3. Veillette A, et al. 1989. J. Exp. Med. 170:1671. (FA)
- 4. Pandelakis A Flavell RA 1999 JEM 189:855 (FC, IHC)
- 5. Liu JQ, et al. 2007 J. Immunol. 178:6227. (FC, IF)
- 6. Chappaz S, et al. 2007. Blood doi:10.1182/blood-2007-02-074245. (FC) PubMed
- 7. Rucci F, et al. 2010. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 107:3024. (FC) PubMed
- 8. Teague TK, et al. 2010. Int Immunol. 22:387. (FC) PubMed
- 9. Gracz AD, et al. 2010. Am J. Physiol Gastrointest Liver Physiol. 298:590. (FC)
- 10. Chen CY, et al. 2008. Endocrinology. 10:1210. (FC, IHC) PubMed
- 11. Qui Q, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 184:1681. (FC) PubMed
- 12. de Andres B, *et al.* 2012. *J. Immunol.* 189:2300. <u>PubMed</u> 13. Bird TG, *et al.* 2013. *PNAS.* 110:6542. <u>PubMed</u>
- 14. Lafkas D, et al. 2013. J Cell Biol. 203:47. PubMed
- 15. Zhou Q, et al. 2014. J Immunol. 193:496. PubMed

**Description:** CD24 is a 35-45 kD protein also known as Heat Stable Antigen (HSA), Ly-52, or

Nectadrin. It is a GPI-linked sialoglycoprotein expressed on lymphocytes,

granulocytes, epithelial cells, thymocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes, and dendritic cells. CD24 expression varies during T and B cell differentiation and is a useful marker for delineating various lymphocyte developmental stages. CD24 serves as an adhesion or costimulatory molecule involved in T and B lymphocyte activation and differentiation by homophilic binding or binding to CD62P.

## Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Aigner S, et al. 1997. Blood 89:3385.
- 3. Hough MR, et al. 1996. J. Immunol. 156:479.
- 4. Liu Y, et al.