Brilliant Violet 510™ anti-mouse CD16/32

Catalog # / Size: 1106665 / 50 μg

Clone: 93

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, λ

Immunogen: Sorted pre-B cells

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 510™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 510™ and

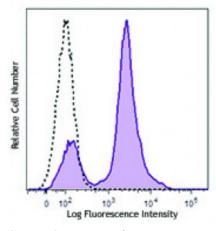
unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA

(origin USA).

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD16/32 (clone 93) Brilliant Violet 510™ (filled histogram) or rat IgG2a Brilliant Violet 510™ isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is

recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each

application.

Brilliant Violet 510™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 510 nm. The bandpass filter 510/50 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. **Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel.** Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 510™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

Application Notes:

Clone 93 can be used for blocking of CD16/CD32 interactions with the Fc domain of immunoglobulins, but is not the same clone as 2.4G2.

The 93 mAb is specific to the common epitope of CD16/CD32. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation1 and blocking of Fc-mediated reactions in functional studies^{2,4,23}. It is useful for blocking non-specific binding of immunoglobulin to Fc receptors. For blocking of Fc receptors in flow cytometric analysis, pre-incubate the cells with purified anti-CD16/CD32 antibody (\leq 1.0 microg per 10⁶ cells in 100 microL volume) for 5-10 minutes on ice prior to immunostaining. The LEAF purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 101310). For highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF purified antibody (Cat. No. 101330) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).

Application References:

- 1. Personal communication (IP)
- rences: 2. Oliver AM, et al. 1999. Hybridoma 18:113. (Block)
 - 3. Brummel R and Lenert P. 2005. J. Immunol. 174:2429.

- 4. Terrazas LI, et al. 2005. Int. J. Parasitol. 35:1349. (Block)
- 5. Clements JL, et al. 2006. J. Immunol. 177:905.
- 6. Mohamed W, et al. 2010. Infect Immun. 78:3306. PubMed
- 7. Ouchi T, et al. 2011. J. Exp Med. 208:2607. PubMed
- 8. Kmieciak M, et al. 2011. J. Vis. Exp. 47:2381. PubMed
- 9. Yamazaki S, et al. 2012. PLoS One. 7:e51665. PubMed
- 10. Li J, et al. 2012. Arthritis Rheum. 64:1098. PubMed
- 11. Azuma M, et al. 2012. Oncoimmunology. 1:581. PubMed
- 12. Koon HW, et al. 2013. J. Vis. Exp. 68:4208. PubMed
- 13. Hegde VL, *et al.* 2013. *J Biol Chem.* 288:36810. <u>PubMed</u> 14. Huang J, *et al.* 2013. *J. Immunol Methods.* 387:254. <u>PubMed</u>
- 15. Dutow P, et al. 2014. J Infect Dis. PubMed
- 16. Fan Y, et al. 2014. J Exp Med. 211:313. PubMed
- 17. Huang HN, et al. 2014. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 58:1538. PubMed
- 18. Takei S, et al. 2014. Vaccine. 32:3066. PubMed
- 19. Richardson ML, et al. 2014. PLoS Negl Trop Dis. 8:2825. PubMed
- 20. Cekanaviciute E, et al. 2014. J Immunol. 193:139. PubMed
- 21. Kimura T, et al. 2014. Int Immunol. 26:697. PubMed
- 22. Everad A, et al. 2014. Nat Commun. 5:5648. PubMed
- 23. Cenci E, et al. 2006. J. Leuko. Biol. 79(1):40-5. (Block)

Description:

CD16 is low affinity IgG Fc receptor III (FcR III) and CD32 is FcR II. CD16/CD32 are expressed on B cells, monocytes/macrophages, NK cells, granulocytes, mast cells, and dendritic cells. The Fc receptors bind antibody-antigen immune complexes and mediate adaptive immune responses.

Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay AN, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Unkeless JC. 1989. J. Clin. Invest. 83:355.
- 3. Qiu WQ, et al. 1990. Science 248:732.