

Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-mouse/human CD11b

Catalog # / Size: 1106090 / 100 µg
1106100 / 25 µg

Clone: M1/70

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

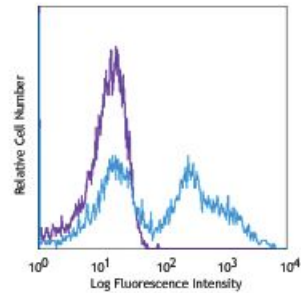
Immunogen: C57BL/10 splenocytes

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal conditions.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells were stained with CD11b (clone M1/70) Alexa Fluor® 647 or rat IgG2b, κ Alexa Fluor® 647 isotype control (gated on total cells).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.25 microg per 10⁶ cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.

Application Notes: Clone M1/70 has been verified for immunocytochemistry (ICC) and frozen immunohistochemistry (IHC-F).

Additional reported applications (for relevant formats of this clone) include: immunoprecipitation^{1,4}, *in vitro* blocking^{3,9,12}, depletion^{2,8}, immunofluorescence microscopy^{6,7,10}, and immunohistochemistry of acetone-fixed frozen sections^{5,11-13} and paraffin sections²⁸. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 101231). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 101248) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF™ purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/µg).

**Application
References:**

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Description:

CD11b is a 170 kD glycoprotein also known as α M integrin, Mac-1 α subunit, Mol, CR3, and Ly-40. CD11b is a member of the integrin family, primarily expressed on granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, NK cells, and subsets of T and B cells. CD11b non-covalently associates with CD18 (β 2 integrin) to form Mac-1. Mac-1 plays an important role in cell-cell interaction by binding its ligands ICAM-1 (CD54), ICAM-2 (CD102), ICAM-4 (CD242), iC3b, and fibrinogen.

**Antigen
References:**

1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. *The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook* Academic Press.
2. Springer TA. 1994. *Cell* 76:301.
3. Coxon A, *et al.* 1996. *Immunity* 5:653.