Product Data Sheet

PE/Cy5 anti-mouse CD4

Catalog # / Size: 1102570 / 100 μg

1102565 / 25 µg

Clone: RM4-5

Isotype: Rat IgG2a, κ

Immunogen: BALB/c mouse thymocytes

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity

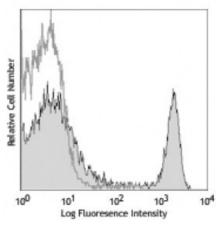
chromatography, and conjugated with PE/Cy5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE/Cy5

and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2,

containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes stained with CD4 (clone RM4-5) PE/Cy5 (filled histogram) or rat IgG2a, κ PE/Cy5 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended

Usage:

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is \leq 0.06 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes:

The RM4-5 antibody blocks the binding of GK1.5 antibody and H129.19 antibody to CD4+ T cells, but not RM4-4 antibody. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: blocking of ligand binding, *in vivo* depletion of CD4+ cells1, and immunohistochemistry of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections^{2,3,11} and paraffin-embedded sections¹¹. Clone RM4-5 is not recommended for immunohistochemistry of formalin-fixed paraffin sections. Instead, acetone frozen or zinc-fixed paraffin sections are recommended. The LEAF purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 100520).

Application References:

1. Kruisbeek AM. 1991. *In Curr. Protocols Immunol.* pp. 4.1.1-4.1.5. (Block, Deplete)

2. Nitta H, et al. 1997. Cell Vision 4:73. (IHC)

3. Fan WY, et al. 2001. Exp. Biol. Med. 226:1045.

4. Muraille E, et al. 2003. Infect. Immun. 71:2704. (IHC)

5. León-Ponte M, et al. 2007. Blood 109:3139. (FC)

6. Bourdeau A, et al. 2007. Blood doi:10.1182/blood-2006-08-044370. (FC)

7. Matsumoto M, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:2499. PubMed

8. Shigeta A, et al. 2008. Blood 112:4915. PubMed

9. Zaborsky N, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 184:725. PubMed

10. Rodrigues-Manzanet R, et al. 2010. P. Natl Acad Sci USA 107:8706. PubMed

11. Whiteland JL, et al. 1995. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 43:313. (IHC)

Description: CD4 is a 55 kD protein also known as L3T4 or T4. It is a member of the Ig

superfamily, primarily expressed on most thymocytes and a subset of T cells, and weakly on macrophages and dendritic cells. It acts as a co-receptor with the TCR during T cell activation and thymic differentiation by binding MHC class II and associating with the protein tyrosine kinase lck.

Antigen References:

- 1. Barclay A, et al. 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
- 2. Bierer BE, et al. 1989. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 7:579.
- 3. Janeway CA. 1992. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 10:645.