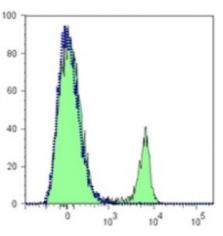
Product Data Sheet

APC/Cy7 anti-mouse CD4

Catalog # / Size:	1102070 / 100 μg 1102065 / 25 μg
Clone:	GK1.5
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, к
Immunogen:	Mouse CTL clone V4
Reactivity:	Mouse
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with APC/Cy7 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC/Cy7 and unconjugated antibody.
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Concentration:	0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD4 (clone GK1.5) APC/Cy7 (filled histogram) or rat IgG2b, κ APC/Cy7 isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications:	Flow Cytometry
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is \leq 1.0 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
Application Notes:	Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: blocking of CD4 ⁺ T cell activation ^{1,4,11} , thymocyte costimulation3, <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> depletion ^{2,5-8} , blocking of egg-sperm cell adhesion ^{1,4} , immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections ^{9,10} , and immunoprecipitation ^{1,2} . The GK1.5 antibody is able to block CD4 mediated cell adhesion and T cell activation. Binding of GK1.5 antibody to CD4 T cells can be blocked by RM4-5 antibody (Cat. No. 100506), but not RM4-4 antibody (Cat. No. 116002). The LEAF [™] purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 100416). For <i>in vivo</i> studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF [™] purified antibody (Cat. No. 100442) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF [™] purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).
Application References:	 Dialynas DP, <i>et al.</i> 1983. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 131:2445. (Block, IP) Dialynas DP, <i>et al.</i> 1983. <i>Immunol. Rev.</i> 74:29. (IP, Deplete) Wu L, <i>et al.</i> 1991. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 174:1617. (Costim) Godfrey DI, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 152:4783. (Block) Gavett SH, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>Am. J. Respir. Cell. Mol. Biol.</i> 10:587. (Deplete) Schuyler M, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>Am. J. Respir. Crit. Care Med.</i> 149:1286. (Deplete) Schuyler M, <i>et al.</i> 1989. <i>Clin. Immunol.</i> 142:954. (Deplete) Israelski DM, <i>et al.</i> 1989. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 142:954. (Deplete) Zheng B, <i>et al.</i> 1996. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 184:1083. (IHC) Frei K, <i>et al.</i> 1997. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 185:2177. (IHC) Felix NJ, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>Nat. Immunol.</i> 8:388. (Block) McNamee EN, <i>et al.</i> 2013. <i>Gut.</i> 62:53. PubMed.

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Description:	CD4 is a 55 kD protein also known as L3T4 or T4. It is a member of the Ig superfamily, primarily expressed on most thymocytes, a subset of T cells, and weakly on macrophages and dendritic cells. It acts as a coreceptor with the TCR during T cell activation and thymic differentiation by binding MHC class II and associating with the protein tyrosin kinase, lck.
	associating with the protein tyrosin kinase, ick.

Antigen
1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Bierer BE, *et al.* 1989. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 7:579.
3. Janeway CA. 1992. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 10:645.