

**APC/Fire™ 810 anti-mouse CD3**

**Catalog # / Size:** 1101335 / 25 µg  
1101340 / 100 µg

**Clone:** 17A2

**Isotype:** Rat IgG2b, κ

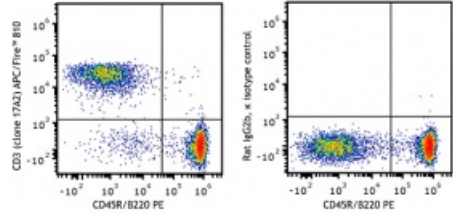
**Immunogen:** γδTCR-positive T-T hybridoma D1

**Reactivity:** Mouse

**Preparation:** The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with APC/Fire™ 810 under optimal conditions.

**Formulation:** Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide

**Concentration:** 0.2 mg/mL



C57BL/6 splenocytes were stained with CD45R/B220 PE and CD3 (clone 17A2) APC/Fire™ 810 (left) or rat IgG2b, κ APC/Fire™ 810 isotype control (right).

**Applications:**

**Applications:** Flow Cytometry

**Recommended Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.5 µg per million cells in 100 µL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

\* APC/Fire™ 810 has a maximum excitation of 650 nm and a maximum emission of 810 nm.

**Description:** CD3, also known as T3, is a member of the Ig superfamily and primarily expressed on T cells, NK-T cells, and at different levels on thymocytes during T cell differentiation. CD3 is composed of CD3ε, δ, γ and ζ chains. It forms a TCR complex by associating with TCR α/β or γ/δ chains. CD3 plays a critical role in TCR signal transduction, T cell activation, and antigen recognition by binding the peptide/MHC antigen complex

- Antigen References:**
1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
  2. Davis MM. 1990. *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* 59:475.
  3. Weiss A, *et al.* 1994. *Cell* 76:263.