SONY

Product Data Sheet

APC anti-mouse CD3

Catalog # / Size: 1101175 / 25 µg
1101180 / 100 µg

Clone: 17A2

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

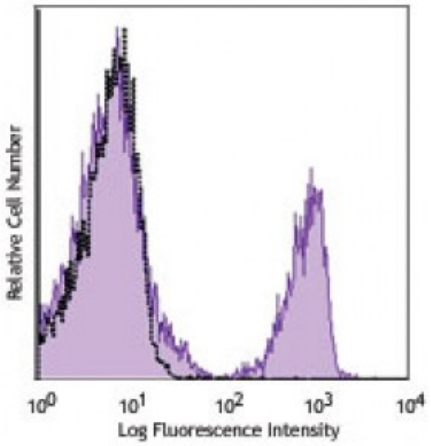
Immunogen: γδTCR-positive T-T hybridoma D1

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with APC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated APC and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.2



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD3 (clone 17A2) APC (filled histogram) or rat IgG2b, κ isotype control (open histogram).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.5 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application Notes: The 17A2 antibody recognizes ε/γ (but not ε/δ) of the CD3 complex. The 17A2 antibody can induce T cell activation and has been reported to deplete $CD3^+$ cells *in vivo*. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation1, complement-mediated cytotoxicity[1,3], immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections[1,4], *in vitro* stimulation of T cells1 and depletion of $CD3^+$ cells *in vivo*2. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 100208). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 100238) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF™ purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).

Application References:

1. Miescher GC, *et al.* 1989. *Immunol. Lett.* 23:113. (IP, IHC, Activ, CMCD)
2. Mysliwietz J, *et al.* 1992. *Blood* 80:2661. (Deplete)
3. Wu L, *et al.* 1991. *J. Exp. Med.* 174:1617. (CMCD)
4. Zhang Y, *et al.* 2002. *J. Immunol.* 168:3088. (IHC)
5. Zan H, *et al.* 2005. *EMBO J.* 24:3757.
6. Morgado P, *et al.* 2011. *Infect Immun.* 79:4401. PubMed
7. Xiao J, *et al.* 2012. *Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol.* 32:386. PubMed
8. Konnecke I, *et al.* 2014. *Bone.* PubMed

Description: CD3, also known as T3, is a member of the Ig superfamily and primarily expressed on T cells, NK-T cells, and at different levels on thymocytes during T cell differentiation. CD3 is composed of CD3ε, δ, γ and ζ chains. It forms a TCR complex by associating with TCR α/β or γ/δ chains. CD3 plays a critical role in TCR

signal transduction, T cell activation, and antigen recognition by binding the peptide/MHC antigen complex.

Antigen References:

1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Davis MM. 1990. *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* 59:475.
3. Weiss A, *et al.* 1994. *Cell* 76:263.