

Brilliant Violet 421™ anti-mouse CD3

Catalog # / Size: 1101135 / 125 µl
1101140 / 50 µg

Clone: 17A2

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

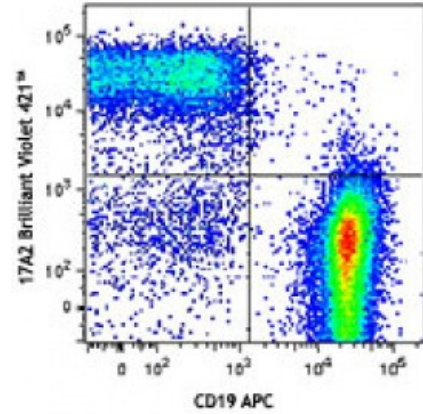
Immunogen: γδTCR-positive T-T hybridoma D1

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 421™ under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 421™ and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).

Concentration: microg sizes: 0.2 mg/ml
microL sizes: lot-specific

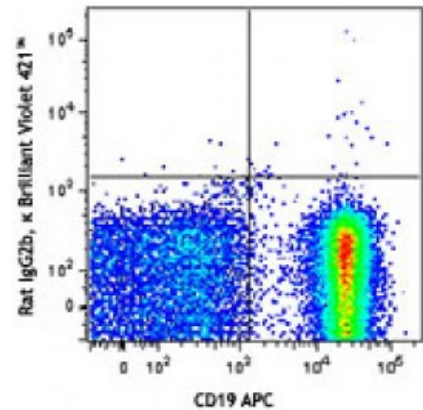


C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD19 APC and CD3 (clone 17A2) Brilliant Violet 421™ (top) or rat IgG2b, κ Brilliant Violet 421™ isotype control (bottom).

Applications:

Applications: Flow Cytometry

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining using the microg size, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤0.25 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. For immunofluorescent staining using the microL size, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.



Brilliant Violet 421™ excites at 405 nm and emits at 421 nm. The standard bandpass filter 450/50 nm is recommended for detection. Brilliant Violet 421™ is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.

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prohibited. This product is covered by U.S. Patent(s), pending patent applications and foreign equivalents.

Application Notes: The 17A2 antibody recognizes ϵ/γ (but not ϵ/δ) of the CD3 complex. The 17A2 antibody can induce T cell activation and has been reported to deplete CD3⁺ cells *in vivo*. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation¹, complement-mediated cytotoxicity^{1,3}, immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen sections^{1,4}, *in vitro* stimulation of T cells¹ and depletion of CD3⁺ cells *in vivo*². The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/ μ g, Azide-Free, 0.2 μ m filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 100208). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 100238) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF™ purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).

Application References:

1. Miescher GC, *et al.* 1989. *Immunol. Lett.* 23:113. (IP, IHC, Activ, CMCD)
2. Mysliwicz J, *et al.* 1992. *Blood* 80:2661. (Deplete)
3. Wu L, *et al.* 1991. *J. Exp. Med.* 174:1617. (CMCD)
4. Zhang Y, *et al.* 2002. *J. Immunol.* 168:3088. (IHC)
5. Zan H, *et al.* 2005. *EMBO J.* 24:3757.
6. Morgado P, *et al.* 2011. *Infect Immun.* 79:4401. [PubMed](#)
7. Xiao J, *et al.* 2012. *Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol.* 32:386. [PubMed](#)
8. Chukkapalli SS, *et al.* 2015. *Pathog Dis.* 73:9. [PubMed](#)

Description: CD3, also known as T3, is a member of the Ig superfamily and primarily expressed on T cells, NK-T cells, and at different levels on thymocytes during T cell differentiation. CD3 is composed of CD3 ϵ , δ , γ and ζ chains. It forms a TCR complex by associating with TCR α/β or γ/δ chains. CD3 plays a critical role in TCR signal transduction, T cell activation, and antigen recognition by binding the peptide/MHC antigen complex.

Antigen References:

1. Barclay A, *et al.* 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
2. Davis MM. 1990. *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* 59:475.
3. Weiss A, *et al.* 1994. *Cell* 76:263.